

RESOURCE MANAGEMENT AGENCY

Community and Economic Development
Department of Planning and Building

Norman L. Allinder, AICP Director

- · 2037 W. Cleveland Avenue
- · Mail Stop G
- Madera, CA 93637
- (559) 675-7821
- FAX (559) 675-6573
- TDD (559) 675-8970
- mc_planning@madera-county.com

PLANNING COMMISSION DATE:

January 7, 2013

AGENDA ITEM:

#6

PRJ #2013-002 General Plan	a la de la companya d
PRJ #2013-002 General Plan	Amendment for a New Growth Area
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APN #031-221-001 & Applicant: Ca	astellina. LLC
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024 222 004	Barracable Triret 2009
031-222-001 Owner: Herm	an Revocable Trust 2008
CEQA ND #2013-22 Mitigated Nec	ative Declaration
CEGA ND #2013-22 Willigated Net	auve beclaration

REQUEST:

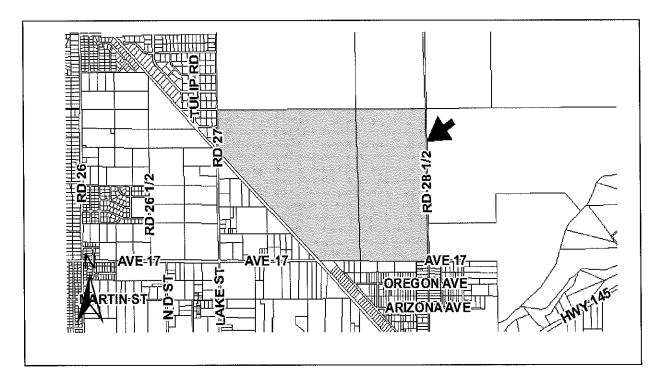
The applicant is requesting a General Plan Amendment for a New Growth Area. There will be no development approved as a part of this action.

LOCATION:

The property is located north of Avenue 17 between Road 27 and Road 28 ½ (No Situs) Madera.

ENVIRONMENTAL ASSESSMENT:

A Mitigated Negative Declaration (ND #2013-22) and mitigation monitoring program has been prepared and is subject to approval by the Planning Commission.



RECOMMENDATION:

Approval of the project (PRJ 2013-002), Mitigated Negative Declaration (ND 2013-22), and the mitigation monitoring program (Exhibit K).

STAFF REPORT PRJ #2013-002

GENERAL PLAN DESIGNATION (Exhibit A):

SITE:

AE (Agricultural Exclusive) Designation

SURROUNDING:

AE (Agricultural Exclusive), RR (Rural Residential), VLDR (Very

Low Density Residential), and AR (Agricultural Rural) Designations

PROPOSED:

NGA (New Growth Area) Designation

ZONING (Exhibit B):

SITE:

ARE-40 (Agricultural Rural Exclusive 40-Acre) District

SURROUNDING:

ARE-40 (Agricultural Rural Exclusive 40-Acre), AR-5 (Agricultural Rural 5-Acre). RRS/MHA (Rural Residential Single

Family/Manufactured Housing Architectural) Districts

LAND USE:

SITE:

Farming

SURROUNDING:

Agricultural production, and single family residences.

SIZE OF PROPERTY:

792.55 Acres

ACCESS (Exhibit A):

Access is via Avenue 17.

BACKGROUND AND PRIOR ACTIONS:

The subject properties currently have no background or prior actions associated with them.

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

The request is for a General Plan Amendment for a New Growth Area. This project would create consistency between the recently adopted City of Madera General Plan which identified these properties as a Village Reserve designation and the County of Madera General Plan.

ORDINANCES/POLICIES:

<u>California Government Code Section 65358(a)</u> establishes authority for amending the General Plan by the Board of Supervisors.

ANALYSIS:

The properties are located north of Avenue 17 just east of the Burlington-Northern/Santa-Fe rail road tracks. This project would not change the current use of the property as an agricultural operation. The proposal would not permit new development without several additional entitlements. The proposal will create consistency between the City of Madera and County of Madera General Plans. The City of Madera recently updated their General Plan in 2009. The City of Madera considers the properties to be within their Village B termed Northeast Madera. The City General Plan has identified the subject properties as a Village Reserve, which states the following:

"This category applies to lands in Villages which require additional comprehensive planning as defined in this Land Use Element. Specific land use designations called out in this Land Use Element will be applied in conjunction with the village level planning processes."

The City of Madera in Policy LU-34 discusses the requirements for planning within a Village Reserve area. It details a three step planning process discussed as follows:

"All planning for areas designated on the Land Use Map as "Village Reserve" shall implement the 3-step planning process described below:

Step 1: Comprehensive Land Use and Implementation Planning

Step 2: Detailed Neighborhood Plans

Step 3: Development Proposals

This planning process is intended to provide progressively more detailed plans for Village Reserve areas, Neighborhoods, and individual development projects."

The County General Plan designates the subject properties as AE (Agricultural Exclusive) designation, the proposal before the Commission would amend the General Plan Land Use to NGA (New Growth Area) designation. The NGA designation states the following within the 1995 General Plan:

"This designation applies to areas where extensive new development are planned to serve as significant new growth areas in Madera County. All development under this designation shall be approved pursuant to an adopted area plan. As these area plans are approved, the New Growth Area designation shall be replaced by other land use designations. Prior to adoption and implementation of an area plan, allowable uses shall include those specified under the Agriculture (A) and Open Space (OS) designations."

The current use of the property is consistent with the Agriculture and Open Space designations within the General Plan which would permit the following:

"Agriculture (A): This designation provides for agricultural uses, limited agricultural support service uses, agriculturally-oriented services, timber production, mineral extraction, airstrips, public and commercial refuse disposal sites, recreational uses, public and quasi public uses, and similar and compatible uses.

Open Space (OS): This designation provides for low-intensity agricultural uses, grazing, forestry, golf courses, recreational and equestrian uses, major electrical and trunk communication transmission lines, habitat protection, irrigation canals, reservoirs, refuse disposal sites, airports and airstrips, watershed management, public and quasi-public uses, and mining."

The Madera County 1995 General Plan has identified Goal 1.B associated with the development of New Growth Areas. Goal 1.B sets to ensure that new growth areas are comprehensively planned and developed as well-balanced, independent communities. The County General Plan contains the following two policies related to the New Growth Area designation:

- "1.B1 The County shall require that designated new growth areas be comprehensively planned as single units rather than as individual property ownerships. Each designated new growth area shall be developed according to an adopted area plan.
- 1.B.2 The County shall require that the planning and design of new growth areas carries out the following objectives:

- a. Concentrate higher-density residential uses and appropriate support services along segments of the transportation system with good road and possible transit connections to the remainder of the region;
- b. Support concentrations of medium and high-density residential uses and high intensities of non-residential uses near existing or future transit stops along trunk lines of major transportation systems;
- c. Support the development of integrated mixed-use areas by mixing residential, retail, office, open space, and public uses while making it possible to travel by transit, bicycle, or foot, as well as by automobile; and
- d. Provide buffers between residential and incompatible non-residential land uses."

In review of the goals, policies, and land use descriptions of the City of Madera and County of Madera General Plan, this action will create a clear consistency between both planning documents. This description is meant only for comparisons of the two separate entities documents, this project is outside of the Sphere of Influence line, and not contiguous to the City Boundaries and therefore is completely within the jurisdiction and the permitting authority of the County of Madera.

The subject properties in the vicinity of the project site range in size from one acre to 634.52 acres. The project was circulated to outside agencies thought to be impacted or regulating the development of the proposed project. This includes but not limited to the California Department of Transportation, Department of Fish and Wildlife, California Highway Patrol, Madera Irrigation District, Department of Water Resources, City of Madera, Madera Unified School District, all Native American Tribes in the region, and the San Joaquin Air Pollution Control District.

The only comment letter received was from the City of Madera. The City has voiced concern over the impacts the development of this land could have on the City. This project will require through mitigation measures the submittal and processing of an Area Plan/Specific Plan, and an Infrastructure Master Plan approved by the Board of Supervisors prior to any development outside the permitted uses of the Agricultural and Open Space designations of the General Plan as described above.

WILLIAMSON ACT:

The property is currently enrolled within the Williamson Act. Both legal parcels are under one Williamson Act contract #6324-C. The contract is currently in non-renewal and is set expire in 2015. No development can occur on the properties except those functions directly serving the agricultural production occurring on-site until the contract has expired.

GENERAL PLAN CONSISTENCY:

The project proposes a General Plan Amendment to NGA (New Growth Area) which is consistent with the existing use of the property, and the goals and policies within the adopted General Plan. If approved the Planning Commission would be creating consistency between the City and County of Madera's General Plan's.

RECOMMENDATION:

The analysis provided in this report supports approval of Mitigated Negative Declaration ND #2013-22 and Project #2013-002 as presented subject to the following conditions and Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program.

STAFF REPORT PRJ #2013-002

CONDITIONS:

See attached conditions of approval.

ATTACHMENTS:

- 1. Exhibit A, General Plan Map
- 2. Exhibit B, Zoning Map
- 3 Exhibit C, Assessor's Map
- 4. Exhibit D, Site Plan Map
- 5. Exhibit E, Aerial Map
- 6. Exhibit F, Topographical Map
- 7. Exhibit G, Operational Statement
- 8. Exhibit H, City of Madera Letter
- 14. Exhibit I, CEQA Initial Study
- 15. Exhibit J, MND #2013-22 & Mitigation Monitoring Reporting Program

CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

PROJECT NAME:

PROJECT LOCATION:

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

General Plan Amendment for a New Growth Area

North of Avenue 17 between Road 27 and Road 28 1/2 (No Situs), Madera

Castellina LLC. - Project - Madera (031-221-001 & 031-222-001)

APPLICANT:

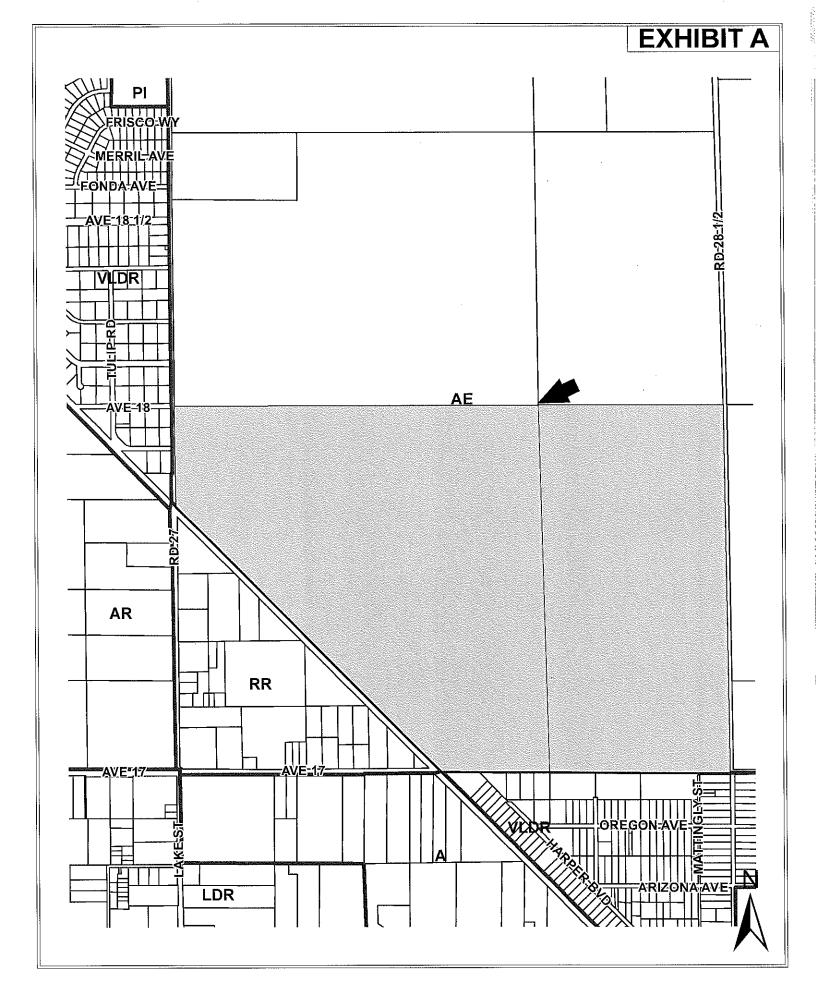
CONTACT PERSON/TELEPHONE NUMBER:

James Pace (408) 782-1669 Castellina LLC

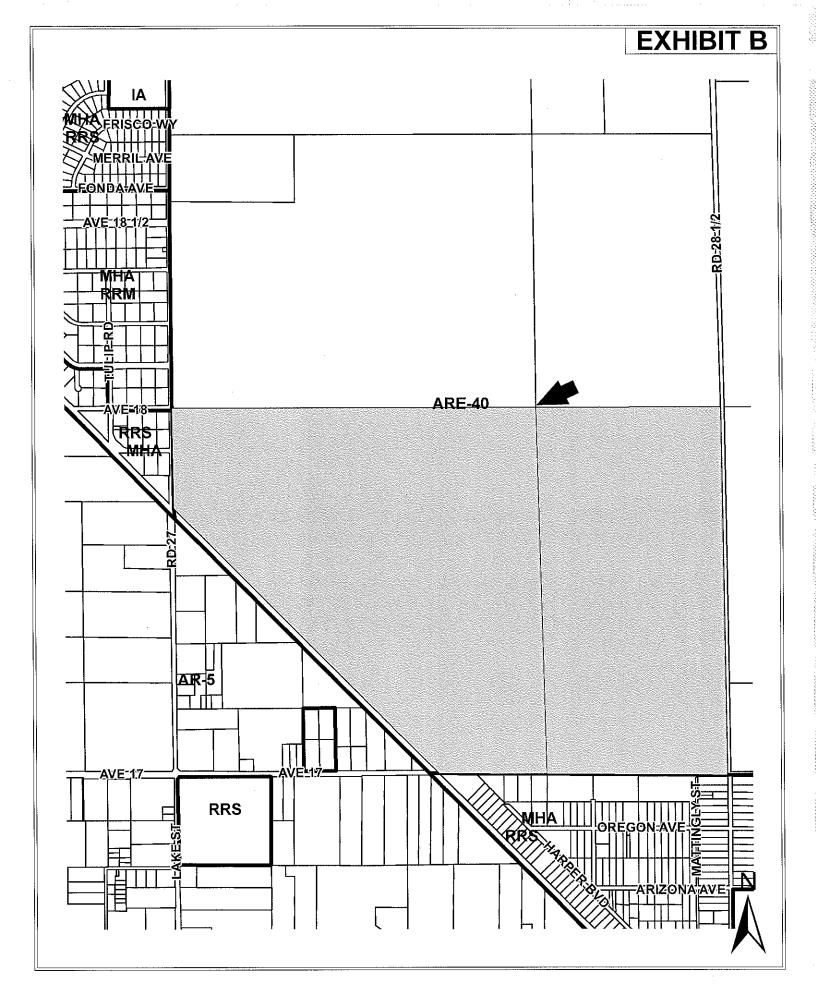
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ON	Condition		Initials	Date	Remarks
Engineering Pri 1 the	Prior to the start of any construction projects, the applicant shall secure a Building Permit from 1 the Engineering Department. All construction shall meet the standards of all applicable Codes. All plans must be prepared by a licensed architect or registered civil engineer.				
Environn	Environmental Health				
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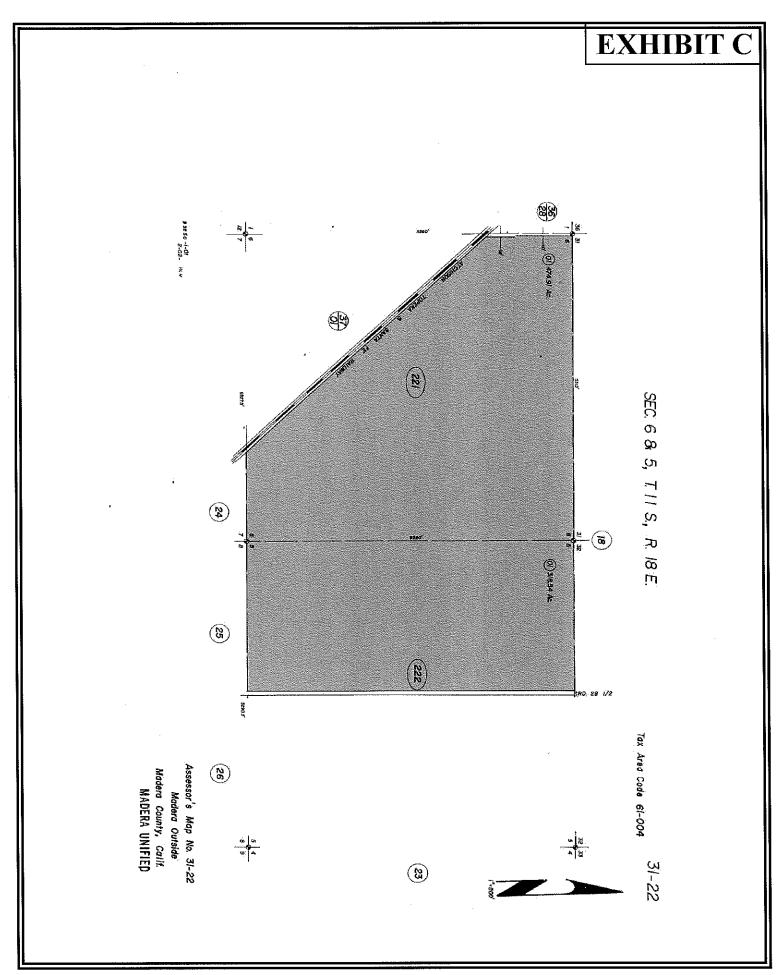
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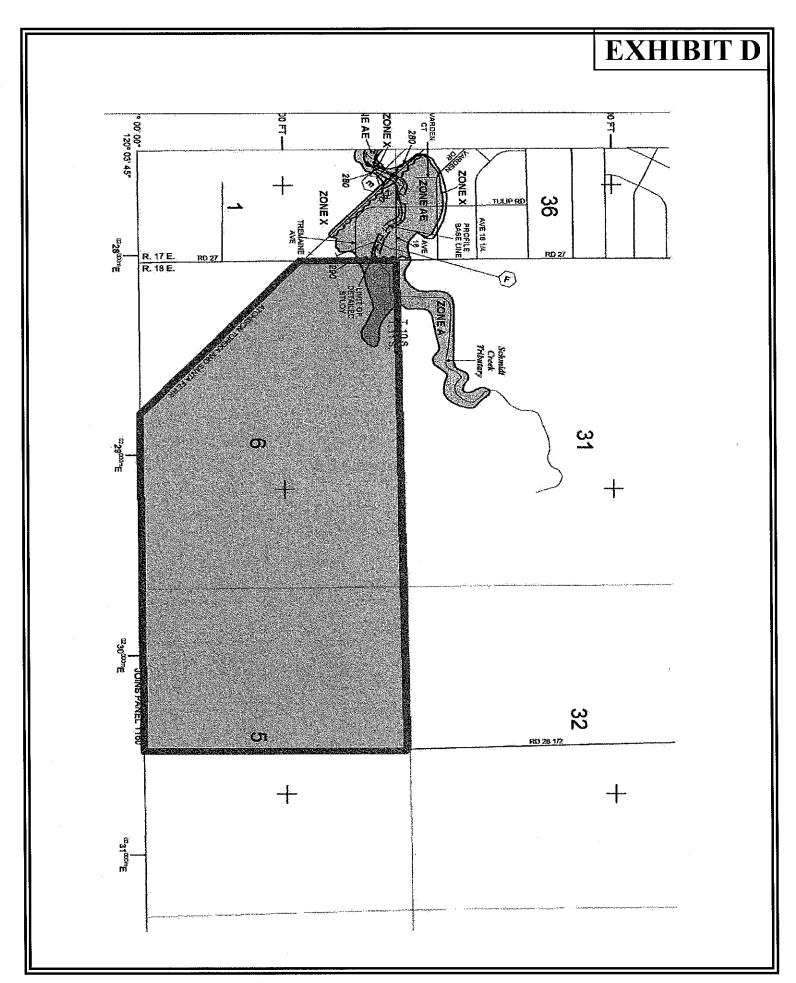
GENERAL PLAN MAP



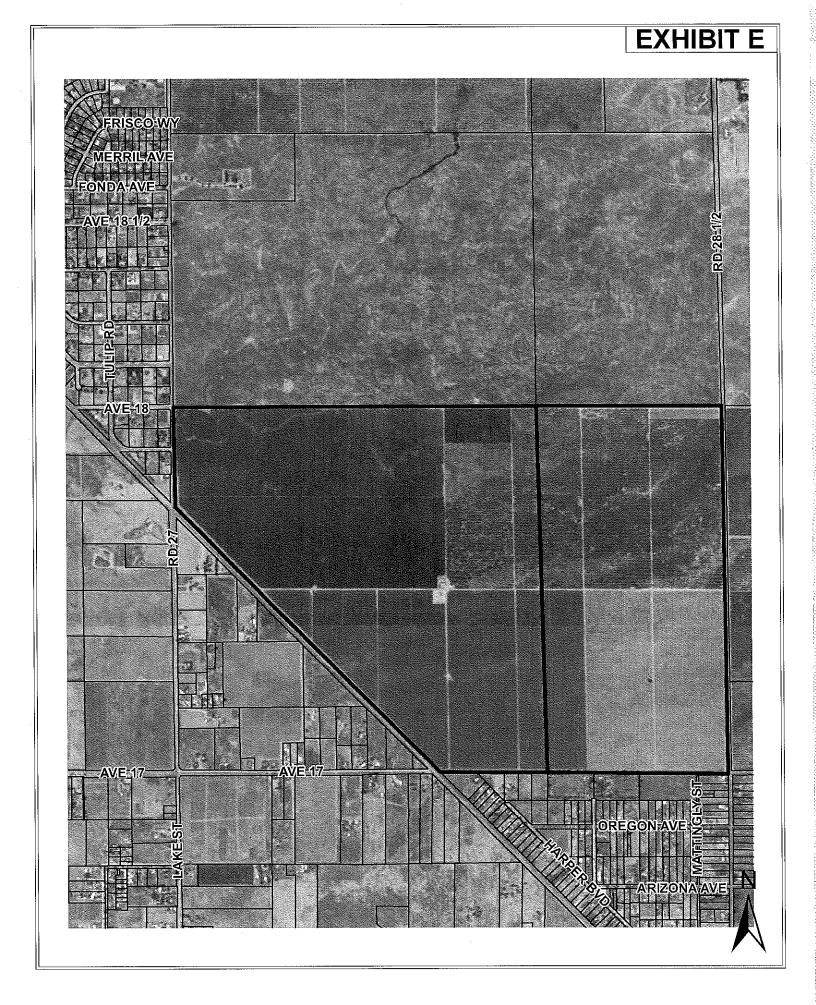
ZONING MAP



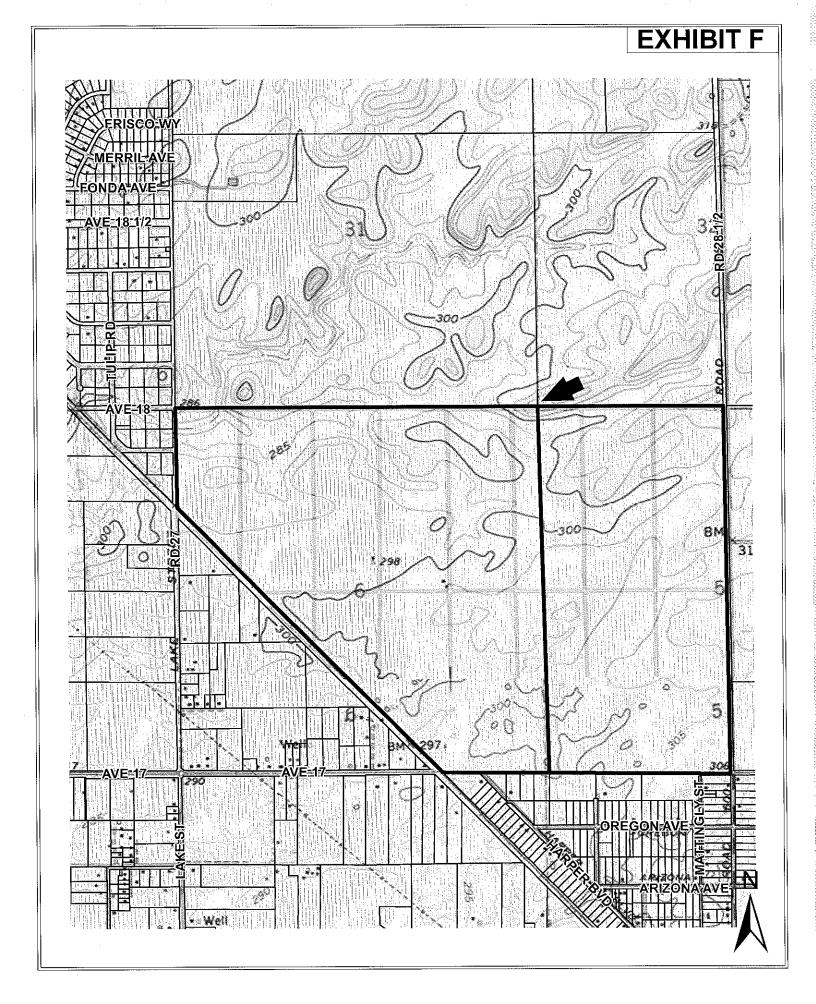
ASSESSORS MAP



SITE PLAN



AERIAL MAP



TOPOGRAPHICAL MAP

Madera County Planning Department 2037 W. Cleveland Avenue MS-G, Madera CA 93637

OPERATIONAL/ENVIRONMENTAL STATEMENT CHECKLIST

It is important that the operational/environmental statement provides for a complete understanding of your project proposal. Please be as detailed as possible.

1.	Please provide the following in	formation
	Assessor's Parcel Number:	031-221-001 [474.01 ac], 031-222-001 [318.54 ac]
	Applicant's Name:	Castellina, LLC
	Address:	175 E. Main Ave., Suite 110, Morgan Hill, CA 95037
	Phone Number:	(408) 782-1569
2.	Describe the nature of your pro Amend the Madera County General Plan	posal/operation. to create a new growth area for this property.
3.	What is the existing use of the Agriculture	property?
4.	What products will be produce other location? Are these products No change from existing conditions.	d by the operation? Will they be produced onsite or at some fucts to be sold onsite?
5.	What are the proposed operati	onal time limits?
	Months (if seasonal):	No change from existing conditions.
	Days per week: No change f	rom existing conditions.
	Hours (fromto):	No change from existing conditions.
	Total Hours per day:	No change from existing conditions.
7.	How many customers or visito	ors are expected?
	Average number per day:	No change from existing conditions.
	Maximum number per day:	No change from existing conditions.
	What hours will customers/vis	itors be there? No change from existing conditions.
8.	How many employees will the	re be?
	Current: No change from existing of	
	Future: No change from existing of	conditions.
	Hours they work: No change	from existing conditions.

Do any live onsite? If so, in what capacity (i.e. caretaker)?

No change from existing conditions.

9. What equipment, materials, or supplies will be used and how will they be stored? If appropriate, provied pictures or brochures.

No change from existing conditions.

10. Will there be any service and delivery vehicles?

Number: No change from existing conditions.

Type: No change from existing conditions.

Frequency: No change from existing conditions.

11. Number of parking spaces for employees, customers, and service/delivery vehicles. Type of surfacing on parking area.

No change from existing conditions.

12. How will access be provided to the property/project? (street name)

Road 27 and Road 28 1/2

13. Estimate the number and type (i.e. cars or trucks) of vehicular trips per day that will be generated by the proposed development.

No change from existing conditions.

- 14. Describe any proposed advertising inlouding size, appearance, and placement.

 None
- 15. Will existing buildings be used or will new buildings be constructed? Indicate which building(s) or portion(s) of will be utilized and describe the type of construction materials, height, color, etc. Provide floor plan and elevations, if applicable.

 Not as part of this project. Future projects will require detailed analysis.
- 16. Is there any landscaping or fencing proposed? Describe type and location.

Not as part of this project. Future projects will require detailed analysis.

- 17. What are the surrounding land uses to the north, south, east and west property boundaries?

 North Fallow grasslands. South Residential and agriculture. East Agriculture. West Rail road, residential, and agriculture.
- 18.
 Will this operation or equipment used, generate noise above other existing parcels in the area?
 Not as part of this project. Future projects will require detailed analysis.

19. On a daily or annual basis, estimate how much water will be used by the proposed development, and how is water to be supplied to the proposed development (please be specific).

No change from existing conditions. Future projects will require detailed analysis.

20. On a daily or weekly basis, how much wastewater will be generated by the proposed project and how will it be disposed of?

No change from existing conditions. Future projects will require detailed analysis.

21. On a daily or weekly basis, how much solid waste (garbage) will be generated by the proposed project and how will it be disposed of?

No change from existing conditions. Future projects will require detailed analysis.

22. Will there be any grading? Tree removal? (please state the purpose, i.e. for building pads, roads, drainage, etc.)

Not as part of this project. Future projects will require detailed analysis.

- 23. Are there any archeological or historically significant sits located on this property? If so, describe and show location on site plan.

 None known.
- 24. Locate and show all bodies of water on application plot plan or attached map.

 None.
- 25. Show any ravines, gullies, and natural drainage courses on the property on the plot plan.

 As shown on the attached exhibit based on FEMA flood insurance rate map 06039c0920e, the northwest corner of the area is FEMA Zone A due to a nearby tributary of Schmidt Creek.
- 26. Will hazardous materials or waste be produced as part of this project? If so, how will they be shipped or disposed of?

 No.
- 27. Will your proposal require use of any public services or facilities? (i.e. schools, parks, fire and police protection or special districts?)

Not as part of this project. Future projects will require detailed analysis.

28. How do you see this development impacting the surrounding area?

No change from existing conditions. Future projects will require detailed analysis.

29. How do you see this development impacting schools, parks, fire and police protection or special districts?

No change from existing conditions. Future projects will require detailed analysis.

If your proposal is for commercial or industrial development, please complete the following;

Proposed Use(s):

N/A

Square feet of building area(s):

N/A

Total number of employees:

N/A

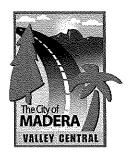
Building Heights:

N/A

31. If your proposal is for a land division(s), show any slopes over 10% on the map or on an attached map.

N/A

End



CITY OF MADERA COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT

Dave Merchen – Director of Community Development dmerchen@cityofmadera.com (559) 661-5430 205 W 4th Street Madera, Ca 93637

August 15, 2013

Matt Treber Madera County Planning Department 2037 W Cleveland Avenue Madera, CA 93637

RE: PRJ 2013-002, Catellina LLC

Dear Mr. Treber,

We have had the opportunity to review the proposal by Castellina LLC to establish a New Growth Area (NGA) at the northwest corner of Avenue 17 and Road 28 ½. The subject property is located outside the City's sphere of influence, but within the planning area for the City's General Plan. Although the application package provided to the City does not include any detail regarding the eventual development, the applicant has previously shared information with the City regarding a planned urban neighborhood at this location and it is clear that the proposal to establish the NGA is the first step towards that goal. The City's comments regarding the project are as follows:

- The development of the subject property relies on its proximity to the City of Madera and access to schools, recreational opportunities, shopping, medical care, etc. Development of the property should be undertaken as a City project, at such time as it constitutes a logical extension of the City limits and the accompanying infrastructure and services that would serve the project area. Creating the foundation to develop the property in the County is premature and inconsistent with the policies and principles of the County General Plan, City General Plan, and the Madera County Blueprint.
- The addition of the new growth area proposed by Castellina should only be considered in the context of a comprehensive update to the County General Plan and the completion of a new environmental impact report. The addition of a New Growth Area is inconsistent with the County's existing general plan, which specifically identifies and evaluates the impact of three new growth areas. The potential for additional growth areas is not suggested. The addition of this additional growth area is inconsistent with the core land use policies in the County General Plan (including policies 1.A.1, 1.A.3, 1.A.4, 1.A.6, 5.A.1, 5.A.2). These inconsistencies should be reconciled in the form of comprehensive general plan amendment before a New Growth Area is added.
- The establishment of a New Growth Area is clearly the first step towards a development project
 that will result in significant environment effects. If approved, the designation of a new growth
 area would function as a policy commitment on the part of the County to allowing an urban
 development project to proceed. The applicant has separately presented information indicating
 the intent to move forward with an urban neighborhood plan. As such, CEQA requires that an

environmental impact report be completed and adopted prior to the consideration of the proposed general plan amendment. The environmental impact report should be comprehensive in its scope, addressing all impact categories. In particular, the impacts to City services and transportation facilities should be addressed. We would forward to the reviewing a Notice of Preparation to more thoroughly define potential impact areas.

Thank you for the opportunity to review and comment on the proposed project. If you have any questions regarding our comments, please let me know.

Sincerely,

David J. Merchen

Community Development Director

Phone: (559) 675-7821

Environmental Checklist Form

Title of Proposal: Project 2013-002 Castellina, LLC

Date Checklist Submitted: 11/22/2013

Agency Requiring Checklist: Madera County Planning Department

Agency Contact: Matt Treber, Senior Planner

Description of Initial Study/Requirement

The Initial Study is a public document used by the decision-making lead agency to determine whether a project may have significant effects on the environment. In the case of the proposed project, the Madera County Planning Department, acting as lead agency, will use the initial study to determine whether the project has a significant effect on the environment. In accordance with CEQA, Guidelines (Section 15063[a]), an environmental impact report (EIR) must be prepared if there is substantial evidence (such as results of the Initial Study) that a project may have significant effect on the environment. This is true regardless of whether the overall effect of the project would be adverse or beneficial. A negative declaration (ND) or mitigated negative declaration (MND) may be prepared if the lead agency determines that the project would have no potentially significant impacts or that revisions to the project, or measures agreed to by the applicant, mitigate the potentially significant impacts to a less-than-significant level.

The initial study considers and evaluates all aspects of the project which are necessary to support the proposal. The complete project description includes the site plan, operational statement, and other supporting materials which are available in the project file at the office of the Madera County Planning Department.

Description of Project:

The project is a proposal to amend the area now shown as AE (Agricultural Exclusive) Designation to NGA (New Growth Area) Designation for a future Specific Plan. This project will create consistency between the City of Madera's 2009 General Plan and the 1995 Madera County General Plan.

Project Location:

The project is located north of Avenue 17 between Road 27 and Road 28 1/2 (no address available), Madera.

Applicant Name and Address:

Castellina, LLC 175 E. Main Avenue, Suite 110 Morgan Hill, CA 95037

General Plan Designation:

AE - Agricultural Exclusive

Zoning Designation:

ARE-40 - Agricultural Rural Exclusive-40 Acre

Surrounding Land Uses and Setting:

Residential, Agricultural

Other Public Agencies whose approval is required:

None

ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED:

	nvironmental factors checke tt that is "Potentially Significa			this project, involving at least one on the following pages.
	Aesthetics Biological Resources Greenhouse Gas Emissions Land Use/Planning Population / Housing Transportation/Traffic	Cultural Resour	ardous Materials ces	 ☐ Air Quality ☐ Geology /Soils ☐ Hydrology / Water Quality ☐ Noise ☐ Recreation ☐ Mandatory Findings of Significance
DETE	RMINATION: (To be comple	eted by the Lead Age	ency)	
On th	e basis of this initial evaluati	ion:		
	I find that the proposed NEGATIVE DECLARATI			t effect on the environment, and a
	will not be a significant of	effect in this case be	ecause revisions in	nt effect on the environment, there the project have been made by or ECLARATION will be prepared.
	I find that the propose ENVIRONMENTAL IMPA	• •	-	ect on the environment, and an
	unless mitigated" impact lyzed in an earlier docun mitigation measures	t on the environment nent pursuant to app based on the earli	i, but at least one e licable legal standar er analysis as de	nt impact" or "potentially significant effect 1) has been adequately ana- rds, and 2) has been addressed by escribed on attached sheets. An nalyze only the effects that remain
	all potentially significant DECLARATION pursuar	effects (a) have bee nt to applicable stand EGATIVE DECLARA	n analyzed adequat ards, and (b) have l TION, including rev	
				☐ Click here to enter text. Prior EIR or ND/MND Number
	Marthew of	1/1		12/10/13
Sigr	nature			Date / /

I.	AES	STHETICS Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitiga- tion Incorpo- ration	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	a)	Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?				\boxtimes
	b)	Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?		- Annual Control		\boxtimes
	c)	Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?				
	d)	Create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?				\boxtimes

Discussion:

(a) No Impact

The project site is not located in an area which would have an effect on a scenic vista. There are no identified scenic vistas within the vicinity of the project site that could be impacted

(b) No Impact

The project site is not located within a state scenic highway.

(c) No Impact

No development is proposed as a part of this project. The proposed project is a General Plan Amendment to identify the subject properties as a New Growth Area in compliance with the City of Madera's 2009 General Plan. No development will occur as a result of this proposed project.

(d) No Impact

No development is proposed as a part of this project. The proposed project is a General Plan Amendment to identify the subject properties as a New Growth Area. No development will occur as a result of this proposed project.

General Information:

A nighttime sky in which stars are readily visible is often considered a valuable scenic/visual resource. In urban areas, views of the nighttime sky are being diminished by "light pollution." Light pollution, as defined by the International dark-Sky Association, is any adverse effect of artificial light, including sky glow, glare, light trespass, light clutter, decreased visibility at night, and energy waste. Two elements of light pollution may affect city residents: sky glow and light trespass. Sky glow is a result of light fixtures that emit a portion of their light directly upward into the sky where light scatters, creating an orange-yellow glow above a city or town. This light can interfere with views of the nighttime sky and can diminish the number of stars that are visible. Light trespass occurs when poorly shielded or poorly aimed fixtures cast light into unwanted areas, such as neighboring property and homes.

Light pollution is a problem most typically associated with urban areas. Lighting is necessary for nighttime viewing and for security purposes. However, excessive lighting or inappropriately designed lighting fixtures can disturb nearby sensitive land uses through indirect illumination. Land uses which are considered "sensitive" to this unwanted light include residences, hospitals, and care homes.

Daytime sources of glare include reflections off of light-colored surfaces, windows, and metal details on cars traveling on nearby roadways. The amount of glare depends on the intensity and direction of sunlight, which is more acute at sunrise and subset because the angle of the sun is lower during these times.

III.	whe ronn Agric prep mod In de timb may of Fores and mea	RICULTURE AND FOREST RESOURCES: In determining ther impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California cultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) pared by the California Dept. of Conservation as an optional lel to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. Extermining whether impacts to forest resources, including perland, are significant environmental effects, lead agencies or refer to information compiled by the California Department corestry and Fire Protection regarding the state's inventory of st land, including the Forest and Range Assessment Project the Forest Legacy Assessment project and forest carbon assurement methodology provided in Forest Protocols pited by the California Air Resources Board. Would the	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitiga- tion Incorpo- ration	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	a)	Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as sh own on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to non-agricultural use?				\boxtimes
	b)	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract?				
	c)	Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resource Code section 12220(g)) or timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526) or timberland zoned Timberland Protection (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))?				\boxtimes
	d)	Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest land?				
	e)	Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				\boxtimes
	Dis	cussion:				

(a) No Impact

The current use of agriculture is not proposed to be changed as part of this application. The property will continue to be used for agricultural purposes

(b) Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated

The property is subject to a Williamson Act contract; however the parcels all meet the minimum parcel size as required for non-prime agricultural preserves. No development shall occur until the property is removed from the Williamson Act.

(c) No Impact

No development is proposed as a part of this project. The proposed project is a General Plan Amendment to identify the subject properties as a New Growth Area. No development will occur as a result of this proposed project.

(d) No Impact

No development is proposed as a part of this project. The proposed project is a General Plan Amendment to identify the subject properties as a New Growth Area. No development will occur as a result of this proposed project.

(e) No Impact

No development is proposed as a part of this project. The proposed project is a General Plan Amendment to identify the subject properties as a New Growth Area. No development will occur as a result of this proposed project.

General Information

The California Land Conservation Act of 1965—commonly referred to as the Williamson Act—enables local governments to enter into contracts with private landowners for the purpose of restricting specific parcels of land to agricultural or related open space use. In return, landowners receive property tax assessments which are much lower than normal because they are based upon farming and open space uses as opposed to full market value.

The Department of Conservation oversee the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program. The Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program (FMMP) produces maps and statistical data used for analyzing impacts on California's agricultural resources. Agricultural land is rated according to soil quality and irrigation status; the best quality land is called Prime Farmland. The maps are updated every two years with the use of a computer mapping system, aerial imagery, public review, and field reconnaissance. The program's definition of land is below:

PRIME FARMLAND (P): Farmland with the best combination of physical and chemical features able to sustain long term agricultural production. This land has the soil quality, growing season, and moisture supply needed to produce sustained high yields. Land must have been used for irrigated agricultural production at some time during the four years prior to the mapping date.

FARMLAND OF STATEWIDE IMPORTANCE (S): Farmland similar to Prime Farmland but with minor short-comings, such as greater slopes or less ability to store soil moisture. Land must have been used for irrigated agricultural production at some time during the four years prior to the mapping date.

UNIQUE FARMLAND (U): Farmland of lesser quality soils used for the production of thestate's leading agricultural crops. This land is usually irrigated, but may include nonirrigated orchards or vineyards as found in some climatic zones in California. Land must have been cropped at some time during the four years prior to the mapping date.

FARMLAND OF LOCAL IMPORTANCE (L): Land of importance to the local agricultural economy as determined by each county's board of supervisors and a local advisory committee.

GRAZING LAND (G): Land on which the existing vegetation is suited to the grazing of livestock. This category was developed in cooperation with the California Cattlemen's Association, University of California Cooperative Extension, and other groups interested in the extent of grazing activities. The minimum mapping unit for Grazing Land is 40 acres.

URBAN AND BUILT-UP LAND (D): Land occupied by structures with a building density of at least 1 unit to 1.5 acres, or approximately 6 structures to a 10-acre parcel. This land is used for residential, industrial, commercial, institutional, public administrative purposes, railroad and other transportation yards, cemeteries, airports, golf courses, sanitary landfills, sewage treatment, water control structures, and other developed purposes.

OTHER LAND (X): Land not included in any other mapping category. Common examples include low density rural developments; brush, timber, wetland, and riparian areas not suitable for livestock grazing; confined livestock, poultry or aquaculture facilities; strip mines, borrow pits; and water bodies smaller than 40 acres. Vacant and nonagricultural land surrounded on all sides by urban development and greater than 40 acres is mapped as Other Land.

III.	lish con	QUALITY — Where available, the significance criteria estabed by the applicable air quality management or air pollution trol district may be relied upon to make the following deterations. Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitiga- tion Incorpo- ration	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	a)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?	,			\boxtimes
	b)	Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation?				\boxtimes

C)	criteria pollutant for which the project region is non- attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which ex- ceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?		
d)	Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?		
e)	Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?		\boxtimes

Discussion:

(a) No Impact

No development is proposed as a part of this project. The proposed project is a General Plan Amendment to identify the subject properties as a New Growth Area. No development will occur as a result of this proposed project.

(b) No Impact

No development is proposed as a part of this project. The proposed project is a General Plan Amendment to identify the subject properties as a New Growth Area. No development will occur as a result of this proposed project.

(c) No Impact

No development is proposed as a part of this project. The proposed project is a General Plan Amendment to identify the subject properties as a New Growth Area. No development will occur as a result of this proposed project.

(d) No Impact

No development is proposed as a part of this project. The proposed project is a General Plan Amendment to identify the subject properties as a New Growth Area. No development will occur as a result of this proposed project.

(e) No Impact

No development is proposed as a part of this project. The proposed project is a General Plan Amendment to identify the subject properties as a New Growth Area. No development will occur as a result of this proposed project.

General Information

Global Climate Change

Climate change is a shift in the "average weather" that a given region experiences. This is measured by changes in temperature, wind patterns, precipitation, and storms. Global climate is the change in the climate of the earth as a whole. It can occur naturally, as in the case of an ice age, or occur as a result of anthropogenic activities. The extent to which anthropogenic activities influence climate change has been the subject of extensive scientific inquiry in the past several decades. The Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC), recognized as the leading research body on the subject, issued its Fourth Assessment Report in February 2007, which asserted that there is "very high confidence" (by IPCC definition a 9 in 10 chance of being correct) that human activities have resulted in a net warming of the planet since 1750.

CEQA requires an agency to engage in forecasting "to the extent that an activity could reasonably be expected under the circumstances. An agency cannot be expected to predict the future course of governmental regulation or exactly what information scientific advances may ultimately reveal" (CEQA Guidelines Section 15144, Office of Planning and Research commentary, citing the California Supreme Court decision in Laurel Heights Improvement Association v. Regents of the University of California [1988] 47 Cal. 3d 376).

Recent concerns over global warming have created a greater interest in greenhouse gases (GHG) and their contribution to global climate change (GCC). However at this time there are no generally accepted thresholds of significance for determining the impact of GHG emissions from an individual project on GCC. Thus, permitting agencies are in the position of developing policy and guidance to ascertain and mitigate to the extent feasible the effects of GHG, for CEQA purposes, without the normal degree of accepted guidance by case law.

IV.	BIO	LOGICAL RESOURCES Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitiga- tion Incorpo- ration	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	a)	Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				\boxtimes
	b)	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or re- gional plans, policies, regulations or by the California De- partment of Fish and Game or US Fish and Wildlife Ser- vice?				\boxtimes
	c)	Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				
	d)	Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?				\boxtimes
	e)	Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?				
	f)	Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?				

Discussion:

(a) No Impact

No development is proposed as a part of this project. The proposed project is a General Plan Amendment to identify the subject properties as a New Growth Area. No development will occur as a result of this proposed project.

(b) No Impact

No development is proposed as a part of this project. The proposed project is a General Plan Amendment to identify the subject properties as a New Growth Area. No development will occur as a result of this proposed project.

(c) No Impact

No development is proposed as a part of this project. The proposed project is a General Plan Amendment to identify the subject properties as a New Growth Area. No development will occur as a result of this proposed project.

(d) No Impact

No development is proposed as a part of this project. The proposed project is a General Plan Amendment to identify the subject properties as a New Growth Area. No development will occur as a result of this proposed project.

(e) No Impact

No development is proposed as a part of this project. The proposed project is a General Plan Amendment to identify the subject properties as a New Growth Area. No development will occur as a result of this proposed project.

(f) No Impact

No development is proposed as a part of this project. The proposed project is a General

Plan Amendment to identify the subject properties as a New Growth Area. No development will occur as a result of this proposed project.

General Information

Special Status Species include:

- Plants and animals that are legally protected or proposed for protection under the California Endangered Species Act (CESA) or Federal Endangered Species Act (FESA);
- Plants and animals defined as endangered or rare under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) §15380;
- Animals designated as species of special concern by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) or California Department of Fish and Game (CDFG);
- Animals listed as "fully protected" in the Fish and Game Code of California (§3511, §4700, §5050 and §5515); and
- Plants listed in the California Native Plant Society's (CNPS) Inventory of Rare and Endangered Vascular Plants of California.

A review of both the County's and Department of Fish and Game's databases for special status species have identified the following species:

Species	Federal Listing	State Listing	Dept. of Fish and Game Listing	CNPS Listing
California tiger sa- lamander	Threatened	Threatened	SSC	Click here to enter text.
Western spadefoot	None	None	SSC	1B.2
Northern hardpan Vernal Pool	None	None	Click here to enter text.	
Vernal pool fairy shrimp	Threatened	None		
California linderiella	None	None		
Succulent owl's- clover	Threatened	Endangered		1B.2
Hairy Orcutt grass	Endangered	Endangered		1B.1

List 1A: Plants presumed extinct

List 1B: Plants Rare, Threatened, or Endangered in California and elsewhere.

<u>List 2</u>: Plants Rare, Threatened, or Endangered in California, but more numerous elsewhere

<u>List 3</u> Plants which more information is needed – a review list

List 4: Plants of Limited Distributed - a watch list

Ranking

- 0.1 Seriously threatened in California (high degree/immediacy of threat)
- 0.2 Fairly threatened in California (moderate degree/immediacy of threat)
- 0.3 Not very threatened in California (low degree/immediacy of threats or no current threats known)

Effective January 1, 2007, Senate Bill 1535 took effect that has changed de minimis findings procedures. The Senate Bill takes the de minimis findings capabilities out of the Lead Agency hands and puts the process into the hands of the California Department of Fish and Wildlife (formally the California Department of Fish and Game). A Notice of Determination filing fee is due each time a NOD is filed at the jurisdictions Clerk's Office. The authority comes under Senate Bill 1535 (SB 1535) and Department of Fish and Wildlife Code 711.4. Each year the fee is evaluated and has the potential of increasing. For the most up-to-date fees, please refer to http://www.dfg.ca.gov/habcon/ceqa/ceqa_changes.html.

The Valley elderberry longhorn beetle was listed as a threatened species in 1980. Use of the elderberry bush by the beetle, a wood borer, is rarely apparent. Frequently, the only exterior evidence of the elderberry's use by the beetle is an exit hole created by the larva just prior to the pupal stage. According to the USFWWS, the Valley Elderberry Longhorn Beetle habitat is primarily in communities of clustered Elderberry plants located within riparian habitat. The USFWS stated that VELB habitat does not include every Elderberry plant in the Central Valley, such as isolated, individual plants, plants with stems that are less than one inch in basal diameter or plants located in upland habitat.

/ .	CU	LTURAL RESOURCES Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitiga- tion Incorpo- ration	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	a)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in §15064.5?				\boxtimes
	b)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to §15064.5?				
	c)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?				
	d)	Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?				\boxtimes

Discussion:

(a) No Impact

No development is proposed as a part of this project. The proposed project is a General Plan Amendment to identify the subject properties as a New Growth Area. No development will occur as a result of this proposed project.

(b) No Impact

No development is proposed as a part of this project. The proposed project is a General Plan Amendment to identify the subject properties as a New Growth Area. No development will occur as a result of this proposed project.

(c) No Impact

No development is proposed as a part of this project. The proposed project is a General Plan Amendment to identify the subject properties as a New Growth Area. No development will occur as a result of this proposed project.

(d) No Impact

No development is proposed as a part of this project. The proposed project is a General Plan Amendment to identify the subject properties as a New Growth Area. No development will occur as a result of this proposed project.

General Information

Public Resource Code 5021.1(b) defines a historic resource as "any object building, structure, site, area or place which is historically significant in the architectural, engineering, scientific, economic, agricultural, educational, social, political, military, or cultural annals of California." These resources are of such import, that it is codified in CEQA (PRC Section 21000) which prohibits actions that "disrupt, or adversely affect a prehistoric or historic archaeological site or a property of historical or cultural significance to a community or ethnic or social groups; or a paleontological site except as part of a scientific study."

Archaeological importance is generally, although not exclusively, a measure of the archaeological research value of a site which meets one or more of the following criteria:

- Is associated with an event or person of recognized significance in California or American history or of recognized scientific importance in prehistory.
- Can provide information which is both of demonstrable public interest and useful in addressing scientifically consequential and reasonable archaeological research questions.

- Has a special or particular quality such as oldest, best example, largest, or last surviving example of its kind.
- Is at least 100 years old and possesses substantial stratigraphic integrity (i.e. it is essentially undisturbed and intact).
- Involves important research questions that historic research has shown can be answered only with archaeological methods.

Reference CEQA Guidelines §15064.5 for definitions.

Most of the archaeological survey work in the County has taken place in the foothills and mountains. This does not mean, however, that no sites exist in the western part of the County, but rather that this area has not been as thoroughly studied. There are slightly more than 2,000 recorded archaeological sites in the County, most of which are located in the foothills and mountains. Recorded prehistoric artifacts include village sites, camp sites, bedrock milling stations, pictographs, petroglyphs, rock rings, sacred sites, and resource gathering areas. Madera County also contains a significant number of potentially historic sites, including homesteads and ranches, mining and logging sites and associated features (such as small camps, railroad beds, logging chutes, and trash dumps.

VI.	GE	OLOG	SY AND SOILS Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitiga- tion Incorpo- ration	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	a)		ose people or structures to potential substantial ad- e effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death in- ing:				
		i)	Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.				
		ii)	Strong seismic ground shaking?				\boxtimes
		iii)	Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?				\boxtimes
		iv)	Landslides?				\bowtie
	b)	Res	ult in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?				\boxtimes
	c)	wou tenti	ocated on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that ld become unstable as a result of the project, and poially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, sidence, liquefaction or collapse?				
	d)	the I	ocated on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks fe or property?				
	e)	sept	e soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of tic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems are sewers are not available for the disposal of waste er?				

Discussion:

(a-i) No Impact

No development is proposed as a part of this project. The proposed project is a General Plan Amendment to identify the subject properties as a New Growth Area. No development will occur as a result of this proposed project.

(a-ii) No Impact

See a-i.

(a-iii) No Impact

See a-i.
(a-iv) No Impact
See a-i.
(b) No Impact
See a-i
(c) No Impact
See a-i.
(d) No Impact
See a-i.
(e) No Impact
See a-i.

General Information

Madera County is divided into two major physiographic and geologic provinces: the Sierra Nevada Range and the Central Valley. The Sierra Nevada physiographic province in the northeastern portion of the county is underlain by metamorphic and igneous rock. It consists mainly of homogenous types of granitic rocks, with several islands of older metamorphic rock. The central and western parts of the county are part of the Central Valley province, underlain by marine and non-marine sedimentary rocks.

The foothill area of the county is essentially a transition zone, containing old alluvial soils that have been dissected by the west-flowing rivers and streams which carry runoff from the Sierra Nevada's.

Seismicity varies greatly between the two major geologic provinces represented in Madera County. The Central valley is an area of relatively low tectonic activity bordered by mountain ranges on either side. The Sierra Nevada's, partly within Madera County, are the result of movement of tectonic plates which resulted in the creation of the mountain range. The Coast Ranges on the west side of the Central Valley are also a result of these forces, and continued movement of the Pacific and North American tectonic plates continues to elevate the ranges. Most of the seismic hazards in Madera County result from movement along faults associated with the creation of these ranges.

There are no active or potentially active faults of major historic significance within Madera County. The County does not lie within any Alquist Priolo Special Studies Zone for surface faulting or fault creep.

However, there are two significant faults within the larger region that have been and will continue to be, the principle sources of potential seismic activity within Madera County.

<u>San Andreas Fault</u>: The San Andreas Fault lies approximately 45 miles west of the county line. The fault has a long history of activity and is thus a concern in determining activity in the area.

Owens Valley Fault Group: The Owens Valley Fault Group is a complex system containing both active and potentially active faults on the eastern base of the Sierra Nevada Range. This group is located approximately 80 miles east of the County line in Inyo County. This system has historically been the source of seismic activity within the County.

The *Draft Environmental Impact Report* for the state prison project near Fairmead identified faults within a 100 mile radius of the project site. Since Fairmead is centrally located along Highway 99 within the county, this information provides a good indicator of the potential seismic activity which might be felt within the County. Fifteen active faults (including the San Andreas and Owens Valley Fault Group) were identified in the *Preliminary Geotechnical Investigation*. Four of the faults lie along the eastern portion of the Sierra Nevada Range, approximately 75 miles to the northeast of Fairmead. These are the Parker Lake, Hartley Springs, Hilton Creek and Mono Valley Faults. The remaining faults are in the western portion of the San Joaquin Valley, as well as within the Coast Range, approximately 47 miles west of Fairmead. Most of the remaining 11 faults are associated with the San Andreas, Calaveras, Hayward and Rinconada Fault Systems which collectively form the tectonic plate boundary of the Central Valley.

In addition, the Clovis Fault, although not having any historic evidence of activity, is considered to be active within quaternary time (within the past two million years), is considered potentially active. This fault line lies approximately six miles south of the Madera County line in Fresno County. Activity along this fault could potentially generate more seismic activity in Madera County than the San Andreas or Owens Valley fault systems.

However, because of the lack of historic activity along the Clovis Fault, there is inadequate evidence for assessing maximum earthquake impacts.

Seismic ground shaking, however, is the primary seismic hazard in Madera County because of the County's seismic setting and its record of historical activity (General Plan Background Element and Program EIR). The project represents no specific threat or hazard from seismic ground shaking, and all new construction will comply with current local and state building codes. Other geologic hazards, such as landslides, lateral spreading, subsidence, and liquefaction have not been known to occur within Madera County.

According to the Madera County General Plan Background Report, groundshaking is the primary seismic hazard in Madera County. The valley portion of Madera County is located on alluvium deposits, which tend to experience greater groundshaking intensities than areas located on hard rock. Therefore, structures located in the valley will tend to suffer greater damage from groundshaking than those located in the foothill and mountain areas.

Liquefaction is a process whereby soil is temporarily transformed to a fluid form during intense and prolonged ground shaking. According to the Madera County General Plan Background Report, although there are areas of Madera County where the water table is at 30 feet or less below the surface, soil types in the area are not conducive to liquefaction because they are either too coarse in texture or too high in clay content; the soil types mitigate against the potential for liquefaction.

VII.	GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS - Would the project:			Less Than otentially Significant Less I ignificant with Mitiga- Signifi Impact tion Incorpo- Impartation		
	a)	Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?				
	b)	Conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?				\boxtimes
	Dis	cussion:				
	(a)	No Impact				

(a) No impact

No development is proposed as a part of this project. The proposed project is a General Plan Amendment to identify the subject properties as a New Growth Area. No development will occur as a result of this proposed project.

(b) No Impact

See a.

General Information

Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emissions: The potential effect of greenhouse gas emission on global climate change is an emerging issue that warrants discussion under CEQA. Unlike the pollutants discussed previously that may have regional and local effects, greenhouse gases have the potential to cause global changes in the environment. In addition, greenhouse gas emissions do not directly produce a localized impact, but may cause an indirect impact if the local climate is adversely changed by its cumulative contribution to a change in global climate. Individual development projects contribute relatively small amounts of greenhouse gases that when added to other greenhouse gas producing activities around the world would result in an increase in these emissions that have led many to conclude is changing the global climate. However, no threshold has been established for what would constitute a cumulatively considerable increase in greenhouse gases for individual development projects. The State of California has taken several actions that help to address potential global climate change impacts.

Assembly Bill 32 (AB 32), the California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006, outlines goals for local agencies to follow in order to bring Greenhouse Gas (GHG) emissions to 1990 levels (a 25% overall reduction) by the year 2020. The California Air Resources Board (CARB) holds the responsibility of monitoring and reducing GHG emissions through regulations, market mechanisms and other actions. A Draft Scoping Plan was adopted by CARB in order to provide guidelines and policy for the State to follow in its steps to reduce GHG. According to CARB, the scoping plan's GHG reduction actions include: direct regulations, alternative compliance mechan-

isms, monetary and non-monetary incentives, voluntary actions, and market-based mechanisms such as a capand-trade system.

Following the adoption of AB 32, the California State Legislature adopted Senate Bill 375, which became the first major bill in the United States that would aim to limit climate change by linking directly to "smart growth" land use principles and transportation. It adds incentives for projects which intend to be in-fill, mixed use, affordable and self-contained developments. SB 375 includes the creation of a Sustainable Communities Strategy (SCS) through the local Metropolitan Planning Organizations (MPO) in order to create land use patterns which reduce overall emissions and vehicle miles traveled. Incentives include California Environmental Quality Act streamlining and possible exemptions for projects which fulfill specific criteria.

VIII.	HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS – Would the project:			Less Than Significant with Mitiga- tion Incorpo- ration	Less Than Significant Impact	N o Impact
	a)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?				\boxtimes
	b)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident condi- tions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?				\boxtimes
	c)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?				\boxtimes
	d)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				\boxtimes
	e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				\boxtimes
	f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				\boxtimes
	g)	Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				\boxtimes
	h)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?				\boxtimes

Discussion:

(a) No Impact

No development is proposed as a part of this project. The proposed project is a General Plan Amendment to identify the subject properties as a New Growth Area. No development will occur as a result of this proposed project.

(b) No Impact

See a.

(c) No Impact

See a.

(d) No Impact

The property is not located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites

compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5.

(e) No Impact

The project site is not located within an airport land use plan or within two miles of a public airport.

(f) No Impact

The project site is not located within the vicinity of a private airstrip.

(g) No Impact

The project will not impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan. The project site has adequate access to a through road.

(h) No impact

The project site is not located in a wildland area impacted by wildland fires.

General Information

Any hazardous material because of its quantity, concentration, physical or chemical properties, pose a significant present or potential hazard to human health and safety, or the environment the California legislature adopted Article I, Chapter 6.95 of the Health and Safety Code, Sections 25500 to 25520 that requires any business handling or storing a hazardous material or hazardous waste to establish a Business Plan. The information obtained from the completed Business Plans will be provided to emergency response personnel for a better-prepared emergency response due to a release or threatened release of a hazardous material and/or hazardous waste.

Business owners that handle or store a hazardous material or mixtures containing a hazardous material, which has a quantity at any one time during the year, equal to or greater than:

- 1) A total of 55 gallons,
- 2) A total of 500 pounds.
- 3) 200 cubic feet at standard temperature and pressure of compressed gas,
- 4) any quantity of Acutely Hazardous Material (AHM).

Assembly Bill AB 2286 requires all business and agencies to report their Hazardous Materials Business Plans to the Certified Unified Program Agency (CUPA) information electronically at http://cers.calepa.ca.gov

IX.	HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY – Would the project:		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitiga- tion Incorpo- ration	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	a)	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?				
	b)	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?				\boxtimes
	c)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?				\boxtimes
	d)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or off-site?				\boxtimes

e)	Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?				
f)	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?				\boxtimes
g)	Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?				
h)	Place within a 100-year flood hazard area structures which would impede or redirect flood flows?				
i)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam?				\boxtimes
j)	Inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow?				\boxtimes
Dis	cussion:				
will (b) Se (c) No istir (d) Se (f) E (g) Se (h) Se (i) I	In Amendment to identify the subject properties as a occur as a result of this proposed project. No Impact e a. No Impact development is proposed as a part of this project wing drainage pattern of the site or area, including three am or river, or substantially increase the rate or a ich would result in flooding on or off-site. No Impact e a. which wou	ld substar alteration	itially alter	the ex-	
	No Impact e a.				

General Information

Groundwater quality contaminants of concern in the Valley Floor include high salinity (total dissolved solids), nitrate, uranium, arsenic, methane gas, iron, manganese, slime production, and dibromochloropropane with the maximum contaminant level exceeded in some areas. Despite the water quality issues noted above, most of the groundwater in the Valley Floor is of suitable quality for irrigation. Groundwater of suitable quality for public consumption has been demonstrated to be present in most of the area at specific depths.

Groundwater quality contaminants of concern in the Foothills and Mountains include manganese, iron, high salinity, hydrogen sulfide gas, uranium, nitrate, arsenic, and methylbutylethylene (MTBE) with the maximum concentration level being exceeded in some areas. Despite these problems, there are substantial amounts of good-quality groundwater in each of the areas evaluated in the Foothills and Mountains. Iron and manganese are commonly removed by treatment. Uranium treatment is being conducted on a well by the Bass Lake Water

Company.

A seiche is an occasional and sudden oscillation of the water of a lake, bay or estuary producing fluctuations in the water level and caused by wind, earthquakes or changes in barometric pressure. A tsunami is an unusually large sea wave produced by seaquake or undersea volcanic eruption (from the Japanese language, roughly translated as "harbor wave"). According to the California Division of Mines and Geology, there are no active or potentially active faults of major historic significance within Madera County. As this property is not located near any bodies of water, no impacts are identified.

The flood hazard areas of the County of Madera are subject to periodic inundation which results in loss of life and property, health and safety hazards, disruption of commerce and governmental services, extraordinary public expenditures for flood protection and relief, and impairment of the tax base, all of which adversely affect the public health, safety and general welfare. These flood losses are caused by uses that are inadequately elevated, floodproofed, or protected from flood damage. The cumulative effect of obstruction in areas of special flood hazards which increase flood height and velocities also contribute to flood loss.

X.	LAND USE AND PLANNING - Would the project result in:		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitiga- tion Incorpo- ration	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact			
	a)	Physically divide an established community?							
	b)	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?				\boxtimes			
	c)	Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan?							
	The proposed project does not have the potential to divide an established community. (b) No Impact The Madera County General Plan requires all new development areas to be designated as a New Growth Area which this application is proposing to do. The action does not conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction. (c) No Impact The project site is not within a habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan. There will be no impact.								
XI.	MIN	IERAL RESOURCES – Would the project result in:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitiga- tion Incorpo- ration	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact			
	a)	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?				\boxtimes			
	b)	Result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				\boxtimes			

Discussion:

(a) No Impact

The proposed project is not located within an area with the potential for this project to result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state.

(b) No Impact

See a.

KII.	NOISE – Would the project result in:			Less Than Significant with Mitiga- tion Incorpo- ration	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	a)	Exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance or applicable standards of other agencies?				\boxtimes
	b)	Exposure of persons to or generation of excessive ground-borne vibration or groundborne noise levels?	no.			\boxtimes
	c)	A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?				\boxtimes
	d)	A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?				
	e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				\boxtimes
	f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				

Discussion:

(a-f) No Impact

No development is proposed as a part of this project. The proposed project is a General Plan Amendment to identify the subject properties as a New Growth Area. No development will occur as a result of this proposed project.

General Discussion

The Noise Element of the Madera County General Plan (Policy 7.A.5) provides that noise which will be created by new non-transportation noise sources shall be mitigated so as not to exceed the Noise Element noise level standards on lands designated for noise-sensitive uses. However, this policy does not apply to noise levels associated with agricultural operations. All the surrounding properties, while include some residential units, are designated and zoned for agricultural uses. This impact is therefore considered less than significant.

Construction noise typically occurs intermittently and varies depending upon the nature or phase of construction (e.g. demolition/land clearing, grading and excavation, erection). The United States Environmental Protection Agency has found that the average noise levels associated with construction activities typically range from approximately 76 dBA to 84 dBA Leq, with intermittent individual equipment noise levels ranging from approximately 75 dBA to more than 88 dBA for brief periods.

Short Term Noise

Noise from localized point sources (such as construction sites) typically decreases by approximately 6 dBA with each doubling of distance from source to receptor. Given the noise attenuation rate and assuming no noise shielding from either natural or human-made features (e.g. trees, buildings, fences), outdoor receptors within

approximately 400 feet of construction site could experience maximum noise levels of greater than 70 dBA when onsite construction-related noise levels exceed approximately 89 dBA at the project site boundary. Construction activities that occur during the more noise-sensitive eighteen hours could result in increased levels of annoyance and sleep disruption for occupants of nearby existing residential dwellings. As a result, noisegenerating construction activities would be considered to have a potentially significant short-term impact. However with implementation of mitigation measures, this impact would be considered less than significant.

Long Term Noise

Mechanical building equipment (e.g. heating, ventilation and air conditioning systems, and boilers), associated with the proposed structures, could generate noise levels of approximately 90 dBA at 3 feet from the source. However, such mechanical equipment systems are typically shielded from direct public exposure and usually housed on rooftops, within equipment rooms, or within exterior enclosures.

Landscape maintenance equipment, such as leaf blowers and gasoline powered mowers, associated with the proposed operations could result in intermittent noise levels that range from approximately 80 to 100 dBA at 3 feet, respectively. Based on an equipment noise level of 100 dBA, landscape maintenance equipment (assuming a noise attenuation rate of 6 dBA per doubling of distance from the source) may result in exterior noise levels of approximately 75 dBA at 50 feet.

MAXIMUM ALLOWABLE NOISE EXPOSURE FOR NON-TRANSPORTATION NOISE SOURCES*

	i	Residential	Commercial	Industrial (L)	Industrial (H)	Agricultural
Residential	AM	50	60	55	60	60
	PM	45	55	50	55	55
Commercial	AM	60	60	60	65	60
	PM	55	55	55	60	55
Industrial (L)	AM	55	60	60	65	60
` ,	PM	50	55	55	60	55
Industrial (H)	AM	60	65	65	70	65
. ,	PM	55	60	60	65	60
Agricultural	AM	60	60	60	65	60
•	PM	55	55	55	60	55

*As determined at the property line of the receiving land use. When determining the effectiveness of noise mitigation measures, the standards may be applied on the receptor side of noise barriers at the property line.

AM = 7:00 AM to 10:00 PMPM = 10:00 PM to 7:00 AM

L = Light

H = Heavy

Note: Each of the noise levels specified above shall be lowered by 5 dB for pure tone noises, noises consisting primarily of speech or music, or for recurring impulsive noises. These noise level standards do not apply to residential units established in conjunction with industrial or commercial uses (e.g. caretaker dwellings).

Vibration perception threshold: The minimum ground or structure-borne vibrational motion necessary to cause a normal person to be aware of the vibration by such direct means as, but not limited to, sensation by touch or visual observation of moving objects. The perception threshold shall be presumed to be a motion velocity of one-tenth (0.1) inches per second over the range of one to one hundred Hz.

Velocity Level, PPV (in/sec)	Human Reaction	Effect on Buildings
0.006 to 0.019	Threshold of perception; possibility of intrustion	Damage of any type unlikely
0.08	Vibration readily perceptible	Recommended upper level of vibration to which ruins and ancient monuments should be subjected
0.10	Continuous vibration begins to annoy people	Virtually no risk of architectural damage to normal buildings
0.20	Vibration annoying to people in buildings	Risk of architectural damage to normal dwellings such as plastered walls or ceilings
0.4 to 0.6	Vibration considered unpleasant by people subjected to continuous vibrations	Architectural damage and possibly minor structural damage

XIII.	PO	PULATION AND HOUSING Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitiga- tion Incorpo- ration	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	a)	Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?		\boxtimes		
	b)	Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				\boxtimes
	c)	Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				\boxtimes

Discussion:

(a) Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated

The proposed project is to identify 792.55 acres of agriculture property within Madera County as a New Growth Area. This does have the potential to induce population growth, however the impact will be less than significant with the proposed mitigation measures.

(b-c) No Impact

No development is proposed as a part of this project. The proposed project is a General Plan Amendment to identify the subject properties as a New Growth Area. No development will occur as a result of this proposed project.

General Information

According to the California Department of Finance, in January of 2012, the County wide population was 152,074 with a total of 49,334 housing units. This works out to an average of 3.33 persons per housing unit. The vacancy rate was 11.84%.

i OL	JEIO (SERVICEO	Potentially Significant Impact	Significant with Mitiga- tion Incorpo- ration	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a)	impa alter alter could mair	Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:				
	i)	Fire protection?				\boxtimes
	ii)	Police protection?				\boxtimes
	iii)	Schools?				
	iv)	Parks?				
	v)	Other public facilities?				$\overline{\boxtimes}$

Less Than

Discussion:

(a-i-v) No Impact

DUDITIO SEDVICES

XIV.

No development is proposed as a part of this project. The proposed project is a General Plan Amendment to identify the subject properties as a New Growth Area. No development will occur as a result of this proposed project.

General Information

The proposed project site is within the jurisdiction of the Madera County Fire Department. Crime and emergency response is provided by the Madera County Sherriff's Department. The proposed project will have no impact on local parks and will not create demand for additional parks.

The Madera County Fire Department exists through a contract between Madera County and the CALFIRE (California Department of Forestry and Fire Prevention) and operates six stations for County responses in addition to the state-funded CALFIRE stations for state responsibility areas. Under an "Amador Plan" contract, the County also funds the wintertime staffing of four fire seasonal CALFIRE stations. In addition, there are ten paid-call (volunteer) fire companies that operate from their own stations. The administrative, training, purchasing, warehouse, and other functions of the Department operate through a single management team with County Fire Administration.

A Federal Bureau of Investigations 2009 study suggests that there is on average of 2.7 law enforcement officials per 1,000 population for all reporting counties. The number for cities had an average of 1.7 law enforcement officials per 1,000 population.

Single Family Residences have the potential for adding to school populations. The average per Single Family Residence is:

Grade	Student Generation per Single Family Residence
K-6	0.425
7 – 8	0.139
9 – 12	0.214

The Madera County General Plan allocates three acres of park available land per 1,000 residents' population.

XV.	REG	CREATION	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitiga- tion Incorpo- ration	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	a)	Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?				\boxtimes
	b)	Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				\boxtimes
	Dis	cussion:				
	No Pla	b) No Impact development is proposed as a part of this project an Amendment to identify the subject properties as a l occur as a result of this proposed project.	-		-	
	<u>Ge</u>	neral Information				
	The	e Madera County General Plan allocates three acres of park ava	ailable land	per 1,000 re	sidents' pop	ulation.
XVI.	TRA	ANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitiga- tion Incorpo- ration	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	a)	Conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system, taking into account all modes of transportation including mass transit and non-motorized travel and relevant components of the circulation system, including but not limited to intersections, streets, highways and freeways, pedestrian and bicycle paths, and mass transit?				
	b)	Conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including, but not limited to, level of service standards and travel demand measures or other standards, established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways?				
	c)	Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?				\boxtimes
	d)	Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?				\boxtimes
	e)	Result in inadequate emergency access?				\boxtimes
	f)	Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs supporting alternative transportation (e.g., bus turnouts, bicycle racks)?				\boxtimes
		racks)? scussion: f) No Impact				

No development is proposed as a part of this project. The proposed project is a General Plan Amendment to identify the subject properties as a New Growth Area. No development will occur as a result of this proposed project.

General Information

According to the Institute of Traffic Engineers (7th Edition, pg. 268-9) the trips per day for one single-family residence are 9.57.

Madera County currently uses Level Of Service "D" as the threshold of significance level for roadway and intersection operations. The following charts show the significance of those levels.

Level of Service	Description	Average Control Delay (sec./car)
Α	Little or no delay	0 – 10
В	Short traffic delay	>10 – 15
С	Medium traffic delay	> 15 – 25
D	Long traffic delay	> 25 – 35
E	Very long traffic delay	> 35 – 50
F	Excessive traffic delay	> 50

Unsignalized intersections.

Level of Service	Description	Average Control Delay (sec./car)
Α	Uncongested operations, all queues clear in single cycle	< 10
В	Very light congestion, an occa- sional phase is fully utilized	>10 – 20
С	Light congestion; occasional queues on approach	> 20 – 35
D	Significant congestion on critical approaches, but intersection is functional. Vehicles required to wait through more than one cycle during short peaks. No long-standing queues formed.	> 35 – 55
E	Severe congestion with some long-standing queues on critical approaches. Traffic queues may block nearby intersection(s) upstream of critical approach(es)	> 55-80
F	Total breakdown, significant queuing	> 80

Signalized intersections.

Level of ser-	Freeways	Two-lane	Multi-lane	Expressway	Arterial	Collector
vice	-	rural highway	rural highway			
Α	700	120	470	720	450	300
В	1,100	240	945	840	525	350
С	1,550	395	1,285	960	600	400
D	1,850	675	1,585	1,080	675	450
Е	2,000	1,145	1,800	1,200	750	500

Capacity per hour per lane for various highway facilities

Madera County is predicted to experience significant population growth in the coming years (62.27 percent between 2008 and 2030). Accommodating this amount of growth presents a challenge for attaining and maintain air quality standards and for reducing greenhouse gas emissions. The increase in population is expected to be accompanied by a similar increase in vehicle miles traveled (VMT) (61.36 percent between 2008 and 2030).

Horizon Year	Total Population	Employment (thou-	Average Weekday	Total Lane Miles
	(thousands)	sands)	VMT (millions)	
2010	175	49	5.4	2,157
2011	180	53	5.5	NA
2017	210	63	6.7	NA
2020	225	68	7.3	2,264
2030	281	85	8.8	2,277

Source: MCTC 2007 RTP

The above table displays the predicted increase in population and travel. The increase in the lane miles of roads that will serve the increase in VMT is estimated at 120 miles or 0.94 percent by 2030. This indicates that roadways in Madera County can be expected to become much more crowded than is currently experienced.

Emissions of CO (Carbon Monoxide) are the primarily mobile-source criteria pollutant of local concern. Local mobile-source CO emissions near roadway intersections are a direct function of traffic volume, speed and delay. Carbon monoxide transport is extremely limited; it disperses rapidly with distance from the source under normal meteorological conditions. Under certain meteorological conditions, however, CO concentrations close to congested roadway or intersection may reach unhealthy levels, affecting local sensitive receptors (residents, school children, hospital patients, the elderly, etc.). As a result, the SJVAPCP recommends analysis of CO emissions of at a local rather than regional level. Local CO concentrations at intersections projected to operate at level of service (LOS) D or better do not typically exceed national or state ambient air quality standards. In addition, non-signalized intersections located within areas having relatively low background concentrations do not typically have sufficient traffic volumes to warrant analysis of local CO concentrations.

XVII.	UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS – Would the project:			Significant with Mitiga- tion Incorpo- ration	Less Than Significant Impact	N o Impact
	a)	Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?				
	b)	Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
	c)	Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				\boxtimes
	d)	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?				\boxtimes
	e)	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				\boxtimes
	f)	Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?				\boxtimes
	g)	Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste?				

Discussion:

(a-g) No Impact

No development is proposed as a part of this project. The proposed project is a General Plan Amendment to identify the subject properties as a New Growth Area. No development will occur as a result of this proposed project.

General Discussion

Madera County has 34 County Service Areas and Maintenance Districts that together operate 30 small water systems and 16 sewer systems. Fourteen of these special districts are located in the Valley Floor, and the remaining 20 special districts are in the Foothills and Mountains. MD-1 Hidden Lakes, Bass Lake (SA-2B and SA-2C) and SA-16 Sumner Hill have surface water treatment plants, with the remaining special districts relying solely on groundwater.

The major wastewater treatment plants in the County are operated in the incorporated cities of Madera and Chowchilla and the community of Oakhurst. These wastewater systems have been recently or are planned to be upgraded, increasing opportunities for use of recycled water. The cities of Madera and Chowchilla have adopted or are in the process of developing Urban Water Management Plans. Most of the irrigation and water districts have individual groundwater management plans. All of these agencies engage in some form of groundwater recharge and management.

Groundwater provides almost the entire urban and rural water use and about 75 percent of the agricultural water use in the Valley Floor. The remaining water demand is met with surface water. Almost all of the water use in the Foothills and Mountains is from groundwater with only three small water treatment plants relying on surface water from the San Joaquin River and its tributaries.

In areas of higher precipitation (Oakhurst, North Fork, and the topographically higher part of the Coarsegold Area), groundwater recharge is adequate for existing uses. However, some problems have been encountered in parts of these areas due to well interference and groundwater quality issues. In areas of lower precipitation (Raymond-Hensley Lake and the lower part of the Coarsegold area), groundwater recharge is more limited, possibly requiring additional water supply from other sources to support future development.

Madera County is served by a solid waste facility (landfill) in Fairmead. There is a transfer station in North Fork. The Fairmead facility also provides for Household Hazardous Materials collections on Saturdays. The unincorporated portion of the County is served by Red Rock Environmental Group. Above the 1000 foot elevation, residents are served by EMADCO services for solid waste pick-up.

XVIII.	1AM	NDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE	Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant with Mitiga- tion Incorpo- ration	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
	a)	Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?				\boxtimes
	b)	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?		\boxtimes		
	c)	Does the project have environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?				\boxtimes

Discussion:

(a) No Impact

No development is proposed as a part of this project. The proposed project is a General Plan Amendment to identify the subject properties as a New Growth Area. No development

will occur as a result of this proposed project.

(b) Less than Significant Impact with Mitigation Incorporated

The project will not result in any development; however it will designate 792.55 acres as a New Growth Area. This could result in cumulatively considerable impacts in relationship to probable future projects; however with the proposed mitigation measure the impact would be less than significant.

(c) No Impact

See a.

General Information

CEQA defines three types of impacts or effects:

- Direct impacts are caused by a project and occur at the same time and place (CEQA §15358(a)(1).
- Indirect or secondary impacts are reasonably foreseeable and are caused by a project but occur at a different time or place. They may include growth inducing effects and other effects related to changes in the pattern of land use, population density or growth rate and related effects on air, water and other natural systems, including ecosystems (CEQA §15358(a)(2).
- Cumulative impacts refer to two or more individual effects which, when considered together, are considerable or which compound or increase other environmental impacts (CEQA §15355(b)). Impacts from individual projects may be considered minor, but considered retroactively with other projects over a period of time, those impacts could be significant, especially where listed or sensitive species are involved.

Documents/Organizations/Individuals Consulted In Preparation of this Initial Study

Madera County General Plan

California Department of Finance

California Integrated Waste Management Board

California Environmental Quality Act Guidelines

United States Environmental Protection Agency

Caltrans website http://www.dot.ca.gov/hq/LandArch/scenic highways/index.htm accessed October 31, 2008

California Department of Fish and Game "California Natural Diversity Database" http://www.dfg.ca.gov/biogeodata/cnddb/

Madera County Integrated Regional Water Management Plan.

State of California, Department of Finance, *E-5 Population and Housing Estimates for Cities, Counties, and the State, 2011 and 2012, with 2010 Benchmark.* Sacramento, California, May 2012

Click here to enter text.

December 10, 2013

MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION

MND

RE:

Project #2013-002 - Castellina, LLC.

LOCATION AND DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT:

The project is a proposal to amend the area now shown as AE (Agricultural Exclusive) Designation to NGA (New Growth Area) Designation for a future Specific Plan. This project will create consistency between the City of Madera's 2009 General Plan and the 1995 Madera County General Plan.

The project is located north of Avenue 17 between Road 27 and Road 28 1/2 (no address available), Madera.

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT:

No adverse environmental impact is anticipated from this project. The following mitigation measures are included to avoid any potential impacts.

BASIS FOR NEGATIVE DECLARATION:

1. See Attached

Madera County Environmental Committee

A copy of the negative declaration and all supporting documentation is available for review at the Madera County Planning Department, 2037 West Cleveland Avenue, Madera, California.

DATED: 12/10/13

FILED:

PROJECT APPROVED:

MITIGATION MONITORING REPORT

MND # 2013-022

		725775	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	na itotico na	Action		Verification	Verification of Compliance	
9 2	Milganol Measure	Phase	Agency	Agency	Compliance	Initials	Date	Remarks	
Aesthetics	S								
					MARAMANANANANANANANANANANANANANANANANANA				ENGINEERS OF STREET, S
Agricultur	Agricultural Resources								
The state of the s	No development on the subject property can occur except those facilities directly serving the agricultural production occurring on-site until the property is removed from the Williamson Act.								
Air Quality									
Biologica	Biological Resources								
Cultural R	Cultural Resources								
Geology and Soils	ind Soils								A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
Hazards	Hazards and Hazardous Materials								
Hydrology	Hydrology and Water Quality								
Land Use	Land Use and Planning								
Mineral Resources	esources								
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				Managaria	Action		Verification	Verification of Compliance	
Vo	Mittgation Measure	Monitoring	Agency	Agency	moraung Compliance	Initials	Date	Remarks	
Noise									
ulatio	Population and Housing								
- The second second	The applicant must submit a detailed Area Plan, Specific Plan, and Infrastructure Master Plan, for the Board of Supervisors consideration prior to any development occurring on the subject properties other than facilities directly serving the current agricultural production occurring on-site.			-			a.		
le Sel	Public Services								Carrier State
Recreation									
sport	Transportation and Traffic								
lies al	Utilities and Service Systems								
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