#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### **JUNE 30, 2019**

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

To the Board of Supervisors Madera County

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of Maintenance District 10-Bonadelle/Madera Ranchos (the District), a component unit of the County of Madera, California as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### **Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the California Code of Regulations, Title 2, Section 1131.2, State Controller's *Minimum Audit Requirements* for California Special Districts. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the District as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in its financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

Required Supplementary Information

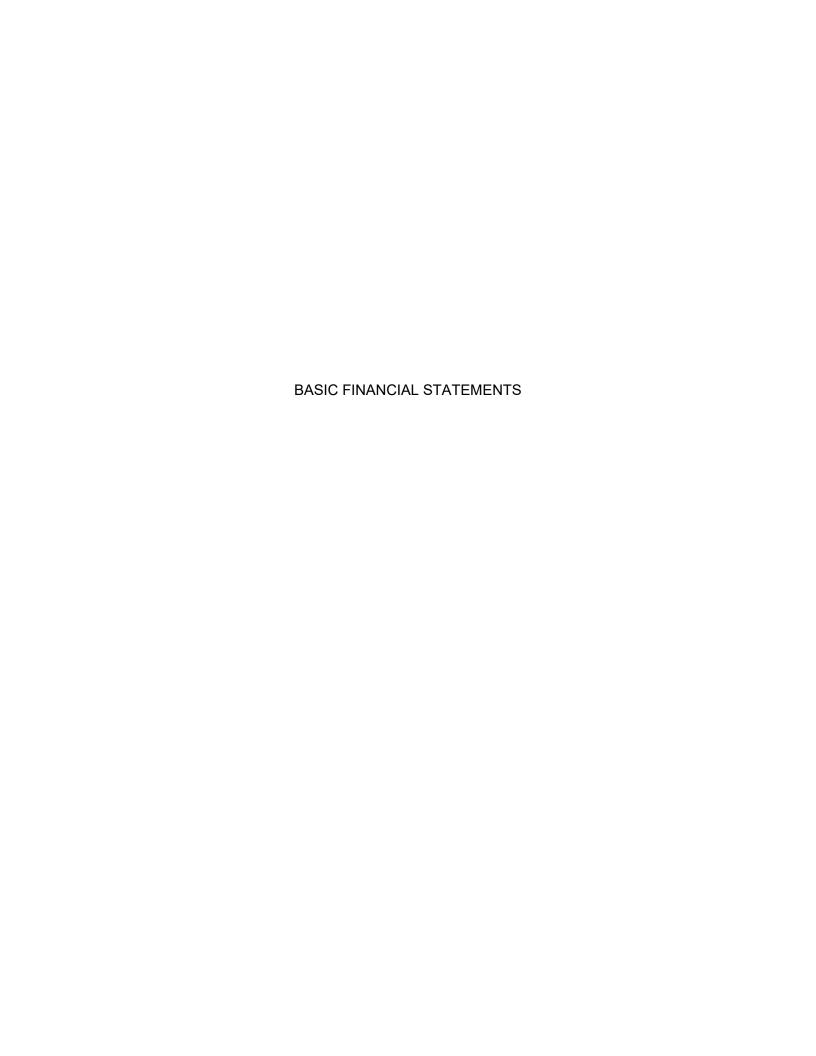
Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on page 21 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the Management's Discussion and Analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

HUDSON HENDERSON & COMPANY, INC.

Hudson Harderson & Company, Inc.

Fresno, California January 13, 2021





### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$ 1,298,381	\$	1,767,438	\$	3,065,819
Accounts receivable	-		85,412		85,412
Interest receivable	4,968		5,922		10,890
Due from County of Madera			76		76
Due from other governments	-		191,490		191,490
Capital assets, not being depreciated	-		441,537		441,537
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	 		3,395,638		3,395,638
Total Assets	 1,303,349		5,887,513		7,190,862
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	102		100,404		100,506
Interest payable	-		13,935		13,935
Deposits from others	-		26,802		26,802
Due to County of Madera	25,571		135,496		161,067
Unearned revenues	150		10,935		11,085
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Due in more than one year	 		356,701		356,701
Total Liabilities	 25,823		644,273		670,096
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	-		3,480,474		3,480,474
Restricted for road maintenance	1,277,526		-		1,277,526
Unrestricted	 <u> </u>		1,762,766		1,762,766
Total Net Position	\$ 1,277,526	\$	5,243,240	\$	6,520,766

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Program Revenues		•	expense) Revenue a	
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental Activities: Road maintenance	\$ 565,451	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> _	<u>\$</u> -	\$ (565,451)	<u>\$</u> -	\$ (565,451)
Total governmental activities	565,451				(565,451)		(565,451)
Business-Type Activities: Water	1,110,353	644,156	191,544	50,017	<u>-</u>	(224,636)	(224,636)
Total business-type activities	1,110,353	644,156	191,544	50,017		(224,636)	(224,636)
Total primary government	\$ 1,675,804	\$ 644,156	\$ 191,544	\$ 50,017	(565,451)	(224,636)	(790,087)
	615,121 22,446	32,870	615,121 55,316				
	637,567	32,870	670,437				
	Chanç		72,116	(191,766)	(119,650)		
	Net po	osition - beginning			1,205,410	5,435,006	6,640,416
	Net po	osition - ending			\$ 1,277,526	\$ 5,243,240	\$ 6,520,766

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUND JUNE 30, 2019

	MD10
	Road
	Maintenance
ASSETS Cash and investments Interest receivable Taxes receivable	\$ 1,298,381 4,968
Total Assets	\$ 1,303,349
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to County of Madera Deposits from others	\$ 102 25,571 150
Total Liabilities	25,823
FUND BALANCE Restricted for road maintenance	1,277,526
Total Fund Balance	1,277,526
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 1,303,349

## RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Fund balance - governmental fund
\$ 1,277,526

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Net position of governmental activities \$ 1,277,526

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	MD10
	Road
	Maintenance
REVENUES	
Property taxes	\$ 615,121
Investment earnings	22,446
Total revenues	637,567
EXPENDITURES	
Current:	
Road maintenance: General and administrative	15,217
Maintenance - roads	537,547
Insurance	12,566
Utilities	121
Total Expenditures	565,451
Net change in fund balance	72,116
Fund balance - beginning	1,205,410
Fund balance - ending	\$ 1,277,526

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balance - governmental fund	\$ 72,116
Government funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This amount is depreciation expense in the current period.	 
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 72,116

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2019

	ENTERPRISE FUND MD 10A WATER
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 1,767,438
Accounts receivable	85,412
Interest receivable	5,922
Due from County of Madera	76
Due from other governments	191,490
Total Current Assets	2,050,338
Non-Current Assets:	
Capital assets:	
Land	251,695
Construction in progress	189,842
Depreciable assets	5,583,557
Accumulated depreciation	(2,187,919)
Total Non-Current Assets	3,837,175
Total Assets	5,887,513
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	100,404
Interest payable	13,935
Deposits from others	26,802
Due to County of Madera	135,496
Unearned revenues	10,935
Total Current Liabilities	287,572
Non-Current Liabilities:	
Advance from County of Madera	356,701
Total Non-Current Liabilities	356,701
Total Liabilities	644,273
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	3,480,474
Unrestricted	1,762,766
Total Net Position	\$ 5,243,240

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	ENTERPRISE FUND
	MD 10A
	WATER
Operating Revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 643,970
Other revenues	186
Total Operating Revenues	644,156
Operating Expenses:	
Services and supplies	400,518
Maintenance	290,565
Insurance	19,924
Utilities	182,928
Depreciation	208,944
Total Operating Expenses	1,102,879
Operating Income (Loss)	(458,723)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses):	
Investment Income	32,870
Operating grants	191,544
Capital grants	50,017
Interest and fiscal charges	(7,474)
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)	266,957
Change in Net Position	(191,766)
Net Position - Beginning of Year	5,435,006
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 5,243,240

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	ENTE	RPRISE FUND
		MD 10A
		WATER
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash receipts from customers and users Cash paid to suppliers	\$	653,078 (871,285)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		(218,207)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Operating grants		76,752
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities		76,752
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities: Capital grants Acquisition and construction of capital assets Repayment of Advances from County of Madera		14,022 (189,842) (100,000)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities		(275,820)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest received		36,388
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities		36,388
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(380,887)
Cash and investments, beginning of the year		2,148,325
Cash and investments, end of the year	\$	1,767,438
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Opera	ting Act	ivities
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities:	\$	(458,723)
Depreciation Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		208,944
Decrease/(Increase) in accounts receivable Decrease/(Increase in due from County of Madera Increase/(Decrease) in accounts payable Increase/(Decrease) in due to County of Madera Increase/(Decrease) in deposits from others Increase/(Decrease) in unearned revenue		4,200 (56) 47,923 (25,273) 5,916 (1,138)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$	(218,207)





### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the MD 10 – Bonadelle / Madera Ranchos (District) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental agencies. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. Reporting Entity

MD 10 provides road maintenance to approximately 3,338 parcels served by 79.91 miles of paved roads. The District was formed on April 14, 1964 by Board Resolution 64-144 and is approximately 5,355 acres in size. MD 10 is located nine miles east of the City of Madera and accessed south from State Highway 145, from Avenue 15 and from Avenue 12. The funding for road maintenance comes from property taxes.

MD 10, Zone A provides water service to 938.8 improved units and 62.6 standby units. The system was originally a private water company and was taken over by the County at the request of the property owners and the State in 1996. The District is located south east of the City of Madera in the vicinity of Avenue 12 and Road 36 ½. The MD 10, Zone A was formed on March 21, 1995 by Resolution No. 95-078. The funding for the water system operations is derived from charges for water services.

The Board of Supervisors is the governing body of the District. The District is considered a blended component unit of the County of Madera and is reported as a special revenue fund in the County of Madera financial statements. The financial statements included in this report are intended to present the financial position and results of operations of only the District. They are not intended to present the financial position or results of operations of the County of Madera taken as a whole.

#### B. Basis of Presentation and Method of Accounting

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. The District resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities. These financial statements are presented on an "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all the District's assets and liabilities, including capital assets, as well as infrastructure assets and long-term liabilities, are included in the accompanying Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Activities presents changes in net position. An economic resource focus concentrates on an entity's net position. All transactions and events that affect the total economic resources (net position) during the period are reported. An economic resources measurement focus is inextricably connected with full accrual accounting. Under the full accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period which they are earned, while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Certain types of transactions are reported as program revenue for the District in the three categories.

- · Charges for services
- Operating grants and contributions
- Capital grants and contributions

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### B. Basis of Presentation and Method of Accounting (Continued)

#### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, separate statements for each fund category – *governmental and proprietary* – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are separately aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

The District reports the following major governmental fund:

• The MD 10 – Road Maintenance fund is used to account for all financial resources of the District relating to the maintenance of the District's 79.91 miles of paved roads within the District. There is no direct assessment set for road maintenance. The district receives a portion of pre-Proposition 13 tax revenue to finance road maintenance activity.

The District reports the following major proprietary fund:

• The MD 10A – Water Operations & Maintenance fund is used to account for all financial resources of the District relating to water services provided to the residential and commercial improved units of the District. Water rates were last set on October 12, 2010 by Board Resolution and the billed water rates are used to finance water operations and maintenance activity.

#### Governmental Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements include a Balance Sheet and a Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance. An accompanying schedule is presented to reconcile and explain the differences in fund balance as presented in these statements to the net position presented in the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental funds are accounted for on a spending or "current financial resources" measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the Balance Sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balance presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Under the modified accrual of accounting, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measureable and available to finance expenditures of the current period.

Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded in the accounting period in which the liability is incurred.

Unavailable revenues arise when potential revenues do not meet both the "measureable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the unavailable revenue is removed from the Balance Sheet and revenue is recognized.

The District's revenues consist of property taxes revenues and revenue from use of money and property. Program expenses are defined as those expenses directly related to providing road maintenance services.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### B. Basis of Presentation and Method of Accounting (Continued)

#### Governmental Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide financial statements, reconciliation is necessary to explain the adjustments needed to transform the fund-based financial statements into the government-wide presentation.

#### Proprietary Fund Financial Statements

Proprietary fund financial statements include a Statement of Net Position, a Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Change in Net Position, and a Statement of Cash Flows.

Proprietary funds are accounted for using the "economic resources" measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized in the period in which they are earned, while expenses are recognized in the period in which the liability is incurred.

Operating revenues in the proprietary funds are those revenues that are generated from the primary operations of the fund. The principal operating revenues of the District are charges for services. All other revenues are reported as non-operating revenues. Operating expenses are those expenses that are essential to the primary operations of the fund. Operating expenses for the District include the costs of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All other expenses are reported as non-operating expenses.

#### C. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments shown in the Statement of Net Position and in the Balance Sheet represent the District's share of the County of Madera's cash and investment pool. Interest earnings from this pool are transferred to the District on a quarterly basis based on the District's average daily balance. The County has an investment committee, which performs regulatory oversight for its pool as required by California Government Code Section 27134.

#### D. Receivables

Receivables consist of interest from the County of Madera, fees charged for water services, and grant revenues from California State Water Resources Control Board. Management believes its receivables to be fully collectible, and accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts is required.

#### **E. Property Taxes**

Secured and unsecured property taxes are levied in July each year. Property taxes become a lien against the property as of January 1 of each year. Secured property taxes are payable in two installments which are due November 1 and February 1. Unsecured property taxes are due on August 31. All property taxes receivable are due from property owners within the District.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (such as roads and similar items), are reported in the Statement of Net Position in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with a cost of more than \$5,000 for machinery and equipment and \$10,000 for the other categories of capital assets with an estimated useful life of more than one year. Capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost was not available. Donated assets are valued at their estimated acquisition value on the date donated.

Depreciation is recorded on a straight-line basis over estimated useful lives of the assets as follows:

Depreciable Asset	Estimated Life
Infrastructure	20-50 years
Water Systems	15-65 years
Structures and Improvements	30-50 years
Equipment	3-20 years

Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations when incurred. Betterments and major improvements which significantly increase values, change capacities, or extend useful lives are capitalized.

#### G. Budget

The District's budget is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with GAAP. The proposed budget is the spending authority from July until budget hearings are held the end of August and the County of Madera Board of Supervisors formally adopts the budget in early September. Once approved, the Board of Supervisors may amend the legally adopted budget when unexpected modifications are required in estimated revenues and appropriations. Unencumbered appropriation for annual budgeted funds lapses at fiscal year-end.

Revenues are budgeted by source. Expenditures are budgeted by objects as follows: services and supplies, other charges, and capital outlay. This constitutes the legal level of control. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations for travel, transportation and education. Budget revisions between object levels, for travel, transportation, and education, or specific capital outlays are subject to final approval by Board of Supervisors. Revisions less than \$5,000 within the object levels (excluding transportation, travel & education and specific capital outlays) can be approved by the County Administrative Officer.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### H. Net Position and Fund Balances

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is classified in the following:

- Net investment in capital assets This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into
  one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that
  are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in
  this category.
- Restricted This category presents external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors
  or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional
  provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted This category represents all other net position of the District that do not meet the
  definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position."

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance includes amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventories or prepaid amounts, and long-term loans and notes receivable) or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (such as principal of a permanent fund).
- Restricted Fund Balance includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes stipulated by external parties (such as creditor, grant providers, or contributors) or by law.
- Committed Fund Balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purpose
  determined by the County of Madera Board of Supervisors. Commitments may be changed or lifted
  only by the Board of Supervisors taking the same formal action. The formal action must occur prior to
  the end of the reporting period. The amount which will be subject to the constraint may be
  determined in the subsequent period.
- Assigned Fund Balance is comprised of amounts intended to be used by the governmental entity
  for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. Intent can be expressed by the Board
  of Supervisors or by an official or body to which the Board delegates the authority. Assigned fund
  balance can be used to eliminate a projected budgetary deficit in the subsequent year's budget.
- Unassigned Fund Balance is the residual classification for the District and includes all amounts not contained in the other classification. Unassigned amounts are technically available for any purposes.

The Board of Supervisors establishes, modifies or rescinds fund balance commitments and assignments by passage of a resolution or an ordinance. This can be done through the adoption of the budget and subsequent budget amendments that occur throughout the year.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, followed by committed, assigned and unassigned resources as they are needed.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### I. Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE 2: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments at June 30, 2019 are classified in the financial statements as follows:

Cash and investments – unrestricted \$3.065.819

The District's cash and investments consisted of the following as of June 30, 2019:

Deposits held with County of Madera Investment Pool \$3,065,819

#### **Risk Disclosure**

Required disclosures for the District's deposit and investment risks for the cash held in the County of Madera Treasury at June 30, 2019, were as follows:

Credit risk
Custodial risk
Concentration of credit risk
Interest rate risk

Not rated
Not applicable
Not applicable
Refer to County of
Madera's financial
statements

Required disclosure information regarding categorization of investments and other deposit and investment risk disclosures can be found in the County of Madera's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and may be obtained by contacting the County Auditor-Controller's Office at 200 W. 4th Street – Madera, CA 93637.

#### **Fair Value Measurements**

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. These principles recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- Level 1: Investments reflect prices quoted in active markets;
- Level 2: Investments reflect prices that are based on a similar observable asset either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be active; and,
- Level 3: Investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources.

The District's cash investments in the County of Madera Investment Pool are carried at fair value. County of Madera invests in numerous types of investments ranging all levels in the fair value hierarchy. Accordingly, County of Madera Investment Pool is not an investment type that can be categorized in any particular level in the fair value hierarchy.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 3: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

#### **Business-Type Activities:**

Dusiness-Type Activities.	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2018	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2019
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 251,695	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 251,695
Construction In progress		189,842		189,842
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	251,695	189,842		441,537
Capital assets, being depreciated: Infrastructure (depreciable)				
Water systems	5,429,105	_	_	5,429,105
Equipment	154,452	_	_	154,452
Ечирпет	104,402			104,402
Total capital assets, being depreciated	5,583,557			5,583,557
Less accumulated depreciation for: Infrastructure (depreciable)				
Water systems	(1,877,692)	(198,640)	_	(2,076,332)
Equipment	(101,283)	(10,304)	_	(111,587)
Ечирпет	(101,200)	(10,504)		(111,501)
Total accumulated depreciation	(1,978,975)	(208,944)		(2,187,919)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	3,604,582	(208,944)		3,395,638
Total capital assets, net	\$ 3,856,277	\$ (19,102)	\$ -	\$ 3,837,175

Depreciation expense of \$208,944 was charged to the water function of the business-type activities.

#### NOTE 4: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The District's property taxes are levied and collected through County of Madera Assessor and Treasurer-Tax Collector departments. The District contracts with the County of Madera to provide certain maintenance services. The District's accounting and clerical functions are performed by County personnel. The County of Madera charges the District for administrative costs incurred.

The amount due to the County of Madera as of June 30, 2019 is \$161,067.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 5: ADVANCE FROM COUNTY OF MADERA

The following is a summary of the advance from the County of Madera for the year-ended June 30, 2019:

	E	Balance					Е	Balance	Due V	Vithin
	July 1, 2018		Additions Deletions		Deletions	June 30, 2019		One	Year	
Advance from County of Madera	\$	456,701	\$		\$	(100,000)	\$	356,701	\$	
Total	\$	456,701	\$		\$	(100,000)	\$	356,701	\$	

On February 10, 2015, the Board of Supervisors of the County of Madera approved an advance of \$750,000 to the District to assist with cash flow needs to complete the Dublin Plant Well project. A loan agreement has not been signed and repayment terms have not been set. The balance outstanding at June 30, 2019 was \$356,701. The District intends to pay back this advance through future cash flow at the current established rate, however, future rate increases may be necessary in order to fulfill the obligation.

#### NOTE 6: INSURANCE AND RISK OF LOSS

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; and natural disasters. Because the District does not have employees, it is not exposed to injuries to employees. The District's officers are officials of the County, and therefore coverage for general liability and errors and omissions is provided under the County's program. This program is self-insured to a level of \$100,000, after which excess coverage is obtained through participation in the CSAC Excess Insurance Authority (EIA). Disclosure of complete information on risk management can be found in the County of Madera Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

#### NOTE 7: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### Grants

The District participates in the State grant program subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantor or their representatives. The amount, if any, of expenses which may be disallowed by the granting agency cannot be determined at this time. However, management does not believe that audit disallowances, if any, would have significant effect on the financial position of the District.

#### **Construction Commitments**

The District reported construction commitments of \$301,892 for the water operations and maintenance fund at June 30, 2019.

### NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 8: EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The following funds incurred expenditures in excess of appropriations in the following amounts for the year ended June 30, 2019:

Road Maintenance Fund:

Utilities \$ 21

#### NOTE 9: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

#### **New Water Rates**

The Board of Directors of the District adopted Resolution 2019-103 on July 9, 2019 to increase the water service rates within the District. The increase in rates are necessary because the current rates are insufficient to pay ongoing expenses of operating the water system and the long-term replacement costs. The new water service rates are effective August 1, 2019. The new rates are as follows:

	FY19/20				
	(Effective				
Service Line size	<u>8/1/19)</u>	FY20/21	FY21/22	FY22/23	FY23/24
1"	\$53.42	\$59.84	\$65.83	\$69.78	\$73.27
1 1/4"	\$80.13	\$89.76	\$98.75	\$104.67	\$109.91
1 ½"	\$106.84	\$119.68	\$131.66	\$139.56	\$146.54
2"	\$170.95	\$191.49	\$210.66	\$223.30	\$234.47
3"	\$341.89	\$382.98	\$421.32	\$446.60	\$468.93
4"	\$534.20	\$598.40	\$658.30	\$697.80	\$732.70
6"	\$1,068.40	\$1,196.80	\$1,316.60	\$1,395.60	\$1,465.40
8"	\$1,709.44	\$1,914.88	\$2,106.56	\$2,232.96	\$2,344.64

#### Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19)

On March 11, 2020 the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19) a worldwide pandemic. The COVID-19 pandemic is having significant effects on global markets, supply chains, businesses and communities.

Specific to Maintenance District 10, COVID-19 may impact the timing of receipts for utility and assessment billings. Management believes MD10 is taking appropriate actions to mitigate the potential negative impact. However, the full impact of COVID-19 is unknown and cannot be reasonably estimated as these events occurred subsequent to year end and are still developing.



# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Road Maintenance					
	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance with			
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget			
Revenues:							
Property taxes	\$ 541,720	\$ 541,720	\$ 615,121	\$ 73,401			
Investment earnings	6,060	6,060	22,446	16,386			
Total revenues	547,780	547,780	637,567	89,787			
Expenditures:							
Road maintenance:							
General and administrative	47,389	52,156	15,217	36,939			
Maintenance - roads	1,191,000	1,191,896	537,547	654,349			
Insurance	12,566	12,566	12,566	-			
Utilities	100	100	121	(21)			
Appropriation for contingency	35,510	35,510		35,510			
Total expenditures	1,286,565	1,292,228	565,451	726,777			
Net change in fund balance	(738,785)	(744,448)	72,116	816,564			
Fund balance - beginning of year	1,205,410	1,205,410	1,205,410				
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 466,625	\$ 460,962	\$ 1,277,526	\$ 816,564			